

ChemInform

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Inorganic Chemistry

Physical Properties of Solids and Liquids

Structure D 2000



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225001

2Mg(OH)₂·MgCl₂·2H₂O and 2Mg(OH)₂·MgCl₂·4H₂O, Two High Temperature Phases of the Magnesia Cement System. — The title materials exist as stable phases in the MgO—MgCl₂—H₂O system at 120 °C. They are characterized by Raman spectroscopy and powder XRD. Both phases crystallize in the space group C2/m with Z = 2and contain infinite triple chains of edge-linked distorted MgO₆ octahedra. In the 2Mg(OH)₂·MgCl₂·4H₂O phase, the parallel stacks are additionally separated by interstitial one-dimensional zigzag chains of disordered Cl⁻ ions and H₂O molecules. — (DINNEBIER*, R. E.; OESTREICH, M.; BETTE, S.; FREYER, D.; Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem. 638 (2012) 3-4, 628-633, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/zaac.201100497 ; MPI Festkoerperforsch., D-70569 Stuttgart, Germany; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Structure D 2000

25-002

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225002

The Gold-Rich Indide $Eu_5Au_{17.7}In_{4.3}$ and Its Relation with the Structures of SrAu_{4.76}In_{1.24} and BaLi₄. — Eu₅Au_{17.7}In_{4.3} is synthesized from the elements (sealed Ta ampule, Ar, 1500 K for 1 min, 900 K for 4 h) and characterized by powder and single crystal XRD. The compound crystallizes in the monoclinic space group C2/m with Z = 2. The structure is explained as an intergrowth variant of slightly distorted SrAu_{4.76}In_{1.24} and BaLi₄-related slabs. Eu₅Au_{17.7}In_{4.3} exhibits a pronounced gold substructure with networks of Au₆ hexagons and discrete units of corner- and edge-sharing Au₄ tetrahedra. — (MUTS, I.; RODEWALD, U. C.; ZAREMBA, V. I.; PAVLOSYUK, O.; Z. Naturforsch., B: Chem. Sci. 67 (2012) 2, 107-112 ; Inst. Anorg. Anal. Chem., Westfael. Wilhelms-Univ., D-48149 Muenster, Germany; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf



Structure D 2000

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225003

Rare Earth Site Preference in the Doped Laser Host Material Sc₂SiO₅. A Single Crystal X-Ray Study. — The laser materials Sc_2SiO_5 , $Sc_{1.931}Tm_{0.069}SiO_5$, and $Sc_{1.955}Yb_{0.045}SiO_5$ crystallize in monoclinic the space group C2/c with Z = 8 (single crystal XRD). The large rare earth cations exclusively occupy the 8f site with an oxygen coordination number of 7. — (RODEWALD, U. C.; ZHENG, L.; HEYING, B.; XU, X.; SU, L.; XU, J.; POETTGEN*, R.; Z. Naturforsch., B: Chem. Sci. 67 (2012) 2, 113-117 ; Inst. Anorg. Anal. Chem., Westfael. Wilhelms-Univ., D-48149 Muenster, Germany; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Structure D 2000

25-004

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225004

Mixed Alkali Oxidosulfidomolybdates $A_2[MoO_xS_{4\cdot x}]$ (x = 1, 2, 3; A: K, Rb, Cs, NH₄). Synthesis, Crystal Structure and Properties. — The title compounds are prepared by passing H₂S gas through an alkaline solution of the corresponding oxidomolybdates. They precipitate as crystalline salts depending on pH, polarity of the solvent, educt concentration, and temperature. The products are characterized by single crystal XRD, UV/VIS spectroscopy, and FP-LAPW band structure calculations. The isotypic compounds $A_2[MoOS_3]$ (A: K, Rb, Cs, NH₄) crystallize in the orthorhombic space group Pnma with $Z = 4 (\beta - K_2[SO_4])$ -type structure). The four $A_2[MoO_2S_2]$ compounds are isotypic with $(NH_4)_2[WO_2S_2]$ and crystallize in the monoclinic space group C_2/c with Z = 4. For the three alkali metal compounds a second polymorph (monoclinic space group $P2_1/c$, Z = 4) exists. The Cs salt also crystallizes with a third modification in the orthorhombic space group Pbcn with Z = 4. An anhydrous monosulfidomolybdate is obtaind only for potassium. K₂[MoO₃S] crystallizes in the monoclinic space group C2/m with Z = 4 (K₂[MoO₄]-type structure). — (LEHNER, A. J.; KRAUT, K.; ROEHR*, C.; Z. Naturforsch., B: Chem. Sci. 67 (2012) 2, 127-148 ; Inst. Anorg. Anal. Chem., Albert-Ludwigs-Univ., D-79104 Freiburg/Br., Germany; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Structure D 2000

25-005

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225005

Na_{1.5}Ag_{1.5}MO₃F₃ (M: Mo, W): An Ordered Oxyfluoride Derivative of the LiNbO₃ Structure. — The title compounds are synthesized by solid state reaction of stoichiometric mixtures of NaF, AgF, and WO₃ or MoO₃ (Ag tubes, 550 °C, 216 h). Their structures are determined by synchrotron X-ray and neutron powder diffraction. The isotypic compounds crystallize in the space group R3. The structure is described as cation and anion ordered derivative of the LiNbO₃ structure. The oxyfluoride groups of the compounds are orientationally ordered, so that the Na⁺ ions are coordinated by fluorine and the Ag⁺ ions by oxygen. The combination of Na/Ag ordering and orientational ordering of the [MO₃F₃]³⁻ (M: Mo, W) anions produces a supercell that doubles the c-axis and changes the symmetry from R3 to R3. Salts containing [MoO₃F₃]³⁻ and [WO₃F₃]³⁻ anions are potentially an important source of polar materials. — (FRY, A. M.; SEIBEL, H. A. I.; LOKUHEWA, I. N.; WOODWARD*, P. M.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 5, 2621-2625, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja208587e ; Dep. Chem., Ohio State Univ., Columbus, OH 43210, USA; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf Electric properties D 8000

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225006 **Cu₂ZnGeSe₄ Nanocrystals: Synthesis and Thermoelectric Properties.** — The title nanocrystals with narrow size distributions are prepared by injecting a solution of SeO₂ in octadecene into a mixture of CuCl, ZnO, GeCl₄, hexadecylamine, n-tetradecylphosphonic acid, and octadecene at 295 °C (5 min, rapid cooling). The samples are characterized by XRD, SEM, TEM, and thermoelectric measurements. The nanocrystals have excellent thermoelectric properties with a figure of merit up to 0.55 at 450 °C. Additionally they have potential use as absorber materials in solution-processed solar cells, and in other applications such as topological insulators. — (SHAVEL*, A.; et al.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 9, 4060-4063, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja211952z ; Dep. Elect., Univ. Barcelona, E-08028 Barcelona, Spain; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Superconductors

D 8000



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225007

Growth of Single-Crystal Ca₁₀(Pt₄As₈)(Fe_{1.8}Pt_{0.2}As₂)₅ Nanowhiskers with Superconductivity up to 33 K. — The title nanowhiskers are prepared from mixtures of FeAs, Fe, Pt, and CaAs as a flux (h-BN cell, Ta capsule, 380 MPa, followed by heating at 1000 °C for 72 h). The samples are characterized by powder XRD, SEM, TEM, magnetic, and electrical measurements. The whiskers exhibit excellent crystallinity with a superconducting transition temperature of 33 K. Since high-temperature superconducting cuprate whiskers are fragile ceramics, the prepared intermetallic whiskers have better opportunities for device applications. — (WANG*, H.-B.; et al.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 9, 4068-4071, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja212067g ; Supercond. Mater. Cent., Natl. Inst. Mater. Sci., Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305, Japan; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Electric properties D 8000

25-008

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225008

Superionic Phase Transition in Silver Chalcogenide Nanocrystals Realizing Optimized Thermoelectric Performance. — The thermoelectric properties of Ag₂S, Ag₂Se, and Ag₄SeS nearly monodisperse nanocrystals are investigated across the semicondutor—superionic conductor transition. The maximum figure of merit value of 0.12, 0.23, and 0.33 is achieved at the transition temperature of 454, 408, and 355 K for Ag₂S, Ag₂Se, and Ag₄SeS, respectively. Ag₄SeS nanocrystals exhibit the best figure of merit value, which is attributed to the cooperative effect of superionic phase transition and alloying at the nanoscale. — (XIAO, C.; XU, J.; LI, K.; FENG, J.; YANG, J.; XIE*, Y.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 9, 4287-4293, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja2104476 ; Hefei Natl. Lab. Phys. Sci. Microscale, Univ. Sci. Technol. China, Hefei 230026, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Electrochemistry



Electric properties D 8000

25-009

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225009 Superconductivity in LaT_MBN and $La_3T_{M2}B_2N_3$ (T_M = Transition Metal) Synthesized under High Pressure. — Various layered boronitrides (LaN)_n(M₂B₂) (M: Co, Ni, Ru, Rh, Ir Pt; n = 2, 3), namely LaNiBN, La₃Co₂B₂N₃, La₃Ni₂B₂N₃, and the new compounds LaRuBN, LaRhBN, LaIrBN, LaPtBN, and La₃Ru₂B₂N₃ are synthesized by solid state reactions of LaN, M, and boron under high pressure (2-5 GPa, 1200—1600 °C, 0.5—2 h). As revealed by powder XRD the n = 2 and 3 phases crystallize in the tetragonal space group P4/nmm and I4/mmm, respectively. LaNiBN, CaNiBN, and LaPtBN show bulk superconductivity with critical temperatures of about 4.1, 2.2, and 6.7 K, respectively. The non-superconductive compounds exhibit Pauli paramagnetic behavior. DFT calculations indicate that LaNiBN exhibits three-dimensional metallic behavior and that the intermediate layers between neighboring Ni_2B_2 layers are also metallic in (LaN)_n(Ni₂B₂). — (IMAMURA, N.; MIZUGUCHI, H.; HOSONO*, H.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 5, 2516-2519, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja211293x ; Front. Collab. Res. Cent., Tokyo Inst. Technol., Nagatsuta, Yokohama 226, Japan; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Magnetic properties

D 9000

25-010

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225010 A Polar Corundum Oxide Displaying Weak Ferromagnetism at Room Temperature. — ScFe_{1-x}Cr_xO₃ (x = 0—1) is prepared by high temperature/high pressure reaction of Sc₂O₃, Fe₂O₃, and Cr₂O₃ (6 GPa, 1450—1500 °C, 5 min). The new high pressure polymorph of ScFeO₃ and strain-stabilized thin films of ScFeO₃ adopt a polar variant of the corundum structure (space group R3c). The polar corundum ScFeO₃ has a weak ferromagnetic ground state below 356 K, which is in contrast to the purely antiferromagnetic ground state adopted by the well-studied ferroelectric BiFeO₃. — (CLARIDGE*, J. B.; et al.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 8, 3737-3747, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja208395z ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Liverpool, Liverpool L69 7ZD, UK; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Electrochemistry

Cells F 3000

25-011

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225011 **SnSe₂ Quantum Dot Sensitized Solar Cells Prepared Employing Molecular Metal Chalcogenide as Precursors.** — $(N_2H_4)_3(N_2H_5)_4Sn_2Se_6$ complexes, synthesized by dissolving elemental tin and selenium in hydrazine under ambient conditions, are used as precursors for SnSe₂ deposition on TiO₂ nanocrystalline porous films. The obtained SnSe₂ sensitized TiO₂ solar cells exhibit a power conversion efficiency of 0.12% whereas a bare TiO₂ cell without any sensitizer reaches only 0.004%. — (YU, X.; ZHU*, J.; ZUANC, Y.; WENC, L.; ULL, L.; DAL, S.; Cham, Commun (Combridge) 48 (2012) 27

ZHANG, Y.; WENG, J.; HU, L.; DAI, S.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 27, 3324-3326, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc17081g ; Inst. Plasma Phys., CAS, Hefei, Anhui 230031, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Preparative Inorganic Chemistry

Germanium

25-012

I 4700

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225012

Synthesis of Highly Crystalline In₂Ge₂O₇(En) Hybrid Sub-Nanowires with Ultraviolet Photoluminescence Emissions and Their Selective Photocatalytic Reduction of CO₂ into Renewable Fuel. — The new ultrathin title nanowires with general diameters of 2—3 nm and lengths up to hundreds of nanometers are solvothermally synthesized from GeO₂ and In(OAc)₃ in mixtures of H₂O and en (autoclave, 180 °C, 24 h). The In₂Ge₂O₇(en) nanowires exhibit UV photoluminescence emission, a dramatic blue shift by more than 100 nm relative to pure inorganic In₂Ge₂O₇ nanowires and microtubes. The new material may have potential application in laser diodes, free-space quantum communications, and calibration purposes. The new nanowires also act as selective photocatalyst in the reduction of CO₂ to CO in the presence of water vapor. — (LIU, Q.; ZHOU*, Y.; MA, Y.; ZOU, Z.; RSC Adv. 2 (2012) 8, 3247-3250, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2ra20186k ; Natl. Lab. Solid State Microstruct., Eco-mater. Renewable Energy Res. Cent., Nanjing 210093, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Niobium I 5100

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225013

The {V₄Nb₆O₃₀} Cluster: A New Type of Vanadoniobate Anion Structure. — Vanadium incorporation into the isopolyoxoniobate system yields three new compounds (IV), (V), and (VII) containing the same unprecedented mixed addenda vanadoniobate cluster {V₄Nb₆O₃₀}. The new compounds are characterized by single crystal XRD, and UV/VIS spectroscopy. (IV) and (V) crystallize in the triclinic space group $P\overline{1}$ with Z = 2, and (VII) in the monoclinic space group P2₁/c with Z = 2. — (GUO, G; XU*, Y; CAO, J.; HU, C.; Chem. Eur. J. 18 (2012) 12, 3493-3497, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/chem.201103390 ; Dep. Chem., Beijing Inst. Technol., Beijing 100081, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

A): H₂O, 120°C, [autoclave, 72 h]

I
$$(II)$$
, (III)
 dap , A) $[Cu(dap)_2]_4[H_2V_4Nb_6O_{30}] \cdot 16H_2O$
 $dap: H_2N \longrightarrow NH_2$ V 4%



Bismuth I 5400 25-014

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225014

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225015

On the Rare Earth Metal Bismuthide Oxides RE₂BiO₂ (RE: Nd, Tb, Dy, Ho). — The new dark grey metallic compounds Nd₂BiO₂, Tb₂BiO₂, Dy₂BiO₂, and Ho₂BiO₂ are synthesized in ≈1 g batches by solid state reaction of elemental Bi, LnBi (Ln: Nd, Tb, Dy, Ho), and Ln₂O₃ (sealed Ta ampules, 1770 K, 72 h). The isotypic compounds crystallize in the tetragonal space group I4/mmm with Z = 2 (anti-ThCr₂Si₂-type structure; single crystal XRD). The structure contains PbO analogous slabs $[LnO]^+$ and 4^4 nets of Bi²⁻ anions, alternately stacked along the c-axis. — (NUSS, J.; JANSEN*, M.; Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem. 638 (2012) 3-4, 611-613, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/zaac.201100529; MPI Festkoerperforsch., D-70569 Stuttgart, Germany; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Molybdenum

I 5600



Solution-Phase Monitoring of the Structural Evolution of a Molybdenum Blue Na**noring.** — The inorganic host—guest complex

 $Na_{22} \{ [Mo_{36}^{VI}O_{112}(H_2O)_{16}] [Mo_{130}^{VI}Mo_{20}^{V}O_{442}(OH)_{10}(H_2O)_{61}] \} \cdot 180H_2O (I)$ is synthesized in a flow reactor from aqueous solutions of Na₂MoO₄, HCl, and Na₂S₂O₄ reacting in a mixing chamber at a flow rate of 4-6 mL/h. The output of the chamber enters a reactor containing solutions of K₂MoO₄ and HNO₃. Tiny blue-rod-shaped crystals of (I) appear within 24 h (28% yield after 3 d). The controlled flow conditions enable the generation of the $[Mo_{36}]@[Mo_{150}]$ host—guest complex as the major product, whereas traditional one-pot batch syntheses typically lead to separate crystallization of the $[Mo_{36}]$ cluster and the $[Mo_{150}]$ molybdenum blue (MB) wheel. Dynamic light scattering techniques are used to corroborate the mechanism of formation of the MB wheels through observation of the individual cluster species in solution. (I) crystallizes in the monoclinic space group C2/m with Z = 2 (single crystal XRD). — (MIRAS, H. N.; RICHMOND, C. J.; LONG, D.-L.; CRONIN*, L.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 8, 3816-3824, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja210206z ; WestCHEM, Sch. Chem., Univ. Glasgow, Glasgow G12 8QQ, UK; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Tungsten I 5700

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225016

25 - 016

Synthesis, Characterization, and Computational Study of WSF₄·NC₅H₅. — The new Lewis acid/base adduct of title is obtained from WSF_4 and pyridine at room temperature (yield given in g) and characterized by single crystal XRD, Raman and NMR spectroscopy, and DFT calculations. WSF₄·Py crystallizes in the orthorhombic space group Pbca with Z = 8. Pyridine coordinates to WSF_4 trans to the W=S bond. — (NIEBOER, J.; YU, X.; CHAUDHARY, P.; MERCIER, H. P. A.; GERKEN*, M.; Z.

Anorg. Allg. Chem. 638 (2012) 3-4, 520-525,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/zaac.201100453; Dep. Chem. Biochem., Univ. Lethbridge, Lethbridge, Alberta T1K 3M4, Can.; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Uranium I 5900 25- 017

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225017

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225018

Complex Clover Cross-Sectioned Nanotubes Exist in the Structure of the First Uranium Borate Phosphate. — Ba₅[(UO₂)(PO₄)₃(B₅O₉)](H₂O)_{0.125} is synthesized by solid state reaction of H₃BO₃, BPO₄, UO₂(NO₃)₂·6H₂O, and BaCO₃ (Pt crucible, 1000 °C, slow cooling to room temperature, 8—10% yield). The new compound is characterized by single crystal XRD, IR, UV/VIS/NIR, and fluorescence spectroscopy. The compound crystallizes in the tetragonal space group P4₂/n with Z = 8 and exhibits complex nanotubular fragments with an external cross-section of about 2 x 2 nm. The nanotubular aggregates are based on borate tubes where the exterior of the tubes is decorated with UO₂(PO₄)₃ moieties to form a shape with a cross-section similar to the clover cross. — (WU, S.; WANG, S.; DIWU, J.; DEPMEIER, W.; MALCHEREK, T.; ALEKSEEV, E. V.; ALBRECHT-SCHMITT*, T. E.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 29, 3479-3481, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc17517g ; Dep. Civil Eng. Geol. Sci., Univ. Notre Dame, Notre Dame, IN 46556, USA; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

Manganese I 6800

25-018

Solvothermal Synthesis and Characterization of One-Dimensional Indium Polyselenides with Transition Metal Complexes. — The presence of thiophenol appears to be essential in the synthesis of the indium selenide (III). Compounds (III) and (IV) are characterized by single crystal XRD and IR and UV/Vis spectroscopy. (III) crystallizes in the orthorhombic space group Pbcn with Z = 4. It contains one-dimensional $[In_2Se_5]^{2-}$ chains separated by $[Mn(en)_3]^{2+}$ complex cations. The anionic chain is composed of vertex-linked InSe₄ tetrahedra linked by Se—Se bridges and contains four-membered $[In_2Se_2]$ rings and five-membered $[(In^{3+})_2(Se_2^{2-})(Se^{2-})]$ rings. Compound (IV) crystallizes in the monoclinic space group P2₁/c with Z = 8. The structure

is a three-dimensional network containing [MnSe] slabs, interconnected by bridging ethylenediamine linkers. The [MnSe] slab is a puckered 6³ net formed by alternating three-coordinate Mn and Se atoms. — (YAO, H.-G.; JI, M.; JI, S.-H.; AN*, Y.-L.; Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem. 638 (2012) 3-4, 683-687,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/zaac.201100468 ; Dep. Chem., Dalian Univ. Technol., Dalian 116024, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \mathsf{MnCl}_2 + \mathsf{In}_2\mathsf{Se}_3 & \xrightarrow{\mathsf{Se, en}} & [\mathsf{Mn(en)}_3][\mathsf{In}_2\mathsf{Se}_5] \\ \mathbf{I} & \mathbf{II} & \\ & \mathsf{III} & 21\% \end{array} & III 21\% \end{array} \mid \mathbf{I} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{Se, en, In}_2\mathsf{Se}_3} & [\mathsf{MnSe(en)}_{0.5}] \\ \end{array}$$

A): 170°C, [autoclave, 6 d]



Cobalt			
I 7200	DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225019		
25-019	High-Nuclearity 3d —4f Clusters as Enhanced Magnetic Coolers and Molecular Magnets. — The Co ^{II} /Co ^{III} (9:1) mixed compounds (III) and the Ni ^{II} compounds (V) are isostructural and crystallize in the monoclinic space group P2 ₁ /m with Z = 2 (single crystal XRD). (IIIa) and (Va) exhibit the largest magnetocaloric effects among any known 3d—4f complexes, which is significant for their potential applications in mag- netic cooling technology in the ultralow temperature range. Compounds (IIIb) and (Vb) display slow relaxation of the magnetization. — (PENG, JB.; ZHANG, QC.; KONG*, XJ.; ZHENG, YZ.; REN, YP.; LONG, LS.; HUANG, RB.; ZHENG, LS.; ZHENG, Z.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 7, 3314-3317, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja209752z ; State Key Lab. Phys. Chem. Solid Surf., Dep. Chem., Xiamen Univ., Xiamen 361005, Fujian, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf		
Ln(ClO ₄) ₃ I A): №0H,	Co(OAc) ₂ (II) A) [Ln ₄₂ Co ₁₀ (OH) ₆₈ (CO ₃) ₁₂ (OAc) ₃₀ (H ₂ O) ₇₀](CIO ₄) ₂₅ • nEtOH • 70H ₂ O III a Ln: Gd; n=4 31% EtOH/H ₂ O (3:1), reflux, [pH 6-7, 2 h]		
Ni(OA	$ \stackrel{(IV)}{\xrightarrow{A}} [Ln_{42}Ni_{10}(OH)_{68}(CO_3)_{12}(OAc)_{30}(H_2O)_{70}](CIO_4)_{24} \cdot 80H_2O \\ V \\ a 43\% \\ b 48\% $		

Preparative Organic Chemistry

Reactions and Processes

 $\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Enantioselective syntheses} \\ O \ 0031 & DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225020 \\ \hline \mbox{25-020} & \mbox{Catalytic Asymmetric Construction of Tetrasubstituted Carbon Stereocenters by Conjugate Addition of Dialkyl Phosphine Oxides to $\beta,$\beta$-Disubstituted $\alpha,$\beta$-Unsaturated Carbonyl Compounds. — (ZHAO, D.; MAO, L.; WANG, L.; YANG, D.; WANG*, R.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 6, 889-891, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1cc16079f ; State Key Lab. Oxo Synth. Sel. Oxid., Lanzhou Inst. Chem. Phys., Chin. Acad. Sci., Lanzhou, Gansu 730000, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt \\ \end{array}$



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225021

Asymmetric [3 + 2] Annulation of Allenes with Maleimides Catalyzed by Dipeptide-Derived Phosphines: Facile Creation of Functionalized Bicyclic Cyclopentenes Containing Two Tertiary Stereogenic Centers. — A highly enantioselective synthesis of title compounds (III) and (V) is presented. — (ZHAO, Q.; HAN, X.; WEI, Y.; SHI*, M.; LU, Y.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 7, 970-972, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc16904e ; Lab. Adv. Mater., Inst. Fine Chem., East China Univ. Sci. Technol., Shanghai 200237, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt





25-022

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225022 **Electronic Tuning of Chiral Diene Ligands in Iridium-Catalyzed Asymmetric 1,6-Addition of Arylboroxines to** δ **-Aryl-** α , β , γ , δ **-unsaturated Ketones.** — Highly enantioselective addition of arylboroximes to the title unsaturated ketones is achieved in the presence of an iridium catalyst coordinated to a chiral benzobarrelene derivative (bar). — (NISHIMURA*, T.; NOISHIKI, A.; HAYASHI, T.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 7, 973-975, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc16973h ; Dep. Chem., Grad. Sch. Sci., Kyoto Univ., Sakyo, Kyoto 606, Japan; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt







25-023

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225023

Enhancement of Enantioselectivity by Alcohol Additives in Asymmetric Hydrogenation with Bis(oxazolinyl)phenyl Ruthenium Catalysts. — The chiral bulky (9-anthracenyl)ethanol enhances the enantioselectivities up to 50% in the asymmetric hydrogenation of prochiral ketones, even in protic solvents. — (ITO*, J.-I.; TESHIMA, T.; NISHIYAMA, H.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 8, 1105-1107, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1cc16057e ; Dep. Appl. Chem., Fac. Eng., Nagoya Univ., Chikusa, Nagoya 464, Japan; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt





$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & B \\ Ar & R \\ \hline & [-> a,c][42 h] \\ V \end{array} \begin{array}{c} OH \\ [-> b,d,e][24 h] \end{array} \begin{array}{c} OH \\ Ar & R \\ \hline & (S)-VI \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Me-O \\ a \ Ar: \ \ OH \\ (S)-VI \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Ne-O \\ a \ Ar: \ \ OH \\ c \ Ar: \ -Me \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 99\% \ (88\% \ e.e.) \\ 83\% \ (94\% \ e.e.) \\ c \ Ar: \ -Ph \ ; \ R: \ -Me \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 83\% \ (94\% \ e.e.) \\ 83\% \ (67\% \ e.e.) \\ d \ Ar: \ -Ph \ ; \ R: \ -Cy \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 98\% \ (67\% \ e.e.) \\ e \ Ar: \ \ OH \ R: \ -Me \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 83\% \ (94\% \ e.e.) \\ e \ Ar: \ \ OH \ R: \ -Me \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 83\% \ (94\% \ e.e.) \\ e \ Ar: \ \ OH \ R: \ -Me \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 83\% \ (94\% \ e.e.) \\ e \ Ar: \ \ OH \ R: \ \ OH \ R: \ R: \ OH \ R: \ R: \ OH \ R: \ R: \ OH \ R: \ R: \ OH \ R: \ OH$$

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225024

Site- and Enantioselective Formation of Allene-Bearing Tertiary or Quaternary Carbon Stereogenic Centers Through NHC—Cu-Catalyzed Allylic Substitution. — The reactions of di- or trisubstituted allylic phosphates with allenylboronic ester (III) proceed with exclusive addition of the allenyl unit to give chiral S_N2' products. The transformations are performed with bidentate copper complexes prepared in situ from imidazolium salts (I). — (JUNG, B.; HOVEYDA*, A. H.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 3, 1490-1493, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja211269w ; Dep. Chem., Merkert Chem. Cent., Boston Coll., Chestnut Hill, MA 02467, USA; Eng.) — Klein





$$25 - 025$$

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225025

Copper-Catalyzed Enantioselective Intramolecular Alkene Amination/Intermolecular Heck-Type Coupling Cascade. — The title optimized method provides functionalized indolines, pyrrolidines, and an isoquinoline with up to 95% e.e. from the respective acyclic γ - and δ -alkenylsulfonamides. Pyrrolidine (XVI) is converted into a 5-HT₇ receptor antagonist (XVII). — (LIWOSZ, T. W.; CHEMLER*, S. R.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 4, 2020-2023, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja211272v ; Dep. Chem., State Univ. N. Y., Buffalo, NY 14260, USA; Eng.) — Klein









25 - 026

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225026

Development of the Enantioselective Addition of Ethyl Diazoacetate to Aldehydes: Asymmetric Synthesis of 1,2-Diols. — The title method is applied to the synthesis of vicinal diols bearing a tertiary carbon center. Under optimized conditions using an in situ generated chiral dinuclear magnesium catalyst, the addition of diazo ester (II) to aldehydes affords β -hydroxy- α -diazo esters, which are transformed into the target diols by oxidation of the diazo functionality, followed by the alkyl transfer of various organometallics into the resulting β -hydroxy- α -keto esters. The last step proceeds with high diastereoselectivity and chirality transfer. — (TROST*, B. M.; MALHOTRA, S.; KOSCHKER, P.; ELLERBROCK, P.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 4, 2075-2084, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja206995s ; Dep. Chem., Stanford Univ., Stanford, CA 94305, USA; Eng.) — Klein





DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225027 Gold(I)-Catalyzed Enantioselective Intramolecular Dehydrative Amination of Allylic Alcohols with Carbamates. — By use of an optimized catalyst system, vinylsubstituted pyrrolidine, piperidine, and piperazine compounds are formed with up to 95% enantioselectivity. — (MUKHERJEE, P.; WIDENHOEFER*, R. A.; Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 51 (2012) 6, 1405-1407, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/anie.201107877 ; French Family Sci. Cent., Duke Univ., Durham, NC 27708, USA; Eng.) — Klein







O 0031

25 - 028

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225028 Copper(I) Catalyzed Asymmetric 1,2-Addition of Grignard Reagents to α -Methyl **Substituted** α , β -Unsaturated Ketones. — The first catalytic enantioselective 1,2-addition of Grignard reagents (II), (V) and (VIII) to ketones (I), (IV), (VII) and (X) is reported. The use of stoichiometric amounts of an additive is not required. Chiral branched tertiary alcohols are obtained with excellent regioselectivity, high yields and enantioselectivities up to 96%. — (MADDURI, A. V. R.; MINNAARD*, A. J.; HARUTYUNYAN, S. R.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 10, 1478-1480, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1cc16725a; Stratingh Inst. Chem., Univ. Groningen, NL-9747 AG Groningen, Neth.; Eng.) — M. Paetzel



Addition reactions O 0060

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225029



25 - 029

E-Factor Minimized Protocols for the Polystyryl-BEMP Catalyzed Conjugate Additions of Various Nucleophiles to α,β -Unsaturated Carbonyl Compounds. — Michael and hetero-Michael addition of carbon, nitrogen, and sulfur nucleophiles to α , β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds (I) is carried out in the presence of the title catalyst. The adoption of solvent-free conditions is crucial for improving the efficiency of the process, whereas the use of an organic reaction medium provides poor results. The products are isolated by filtration using a minimal amount of an organic solvent necessary for work-up. The E-factor, a measure of the waste of the reaction, is minimized.



Further waste minimization (95.7% compared to batch protocol) is accomplished by defining a larger scale continuous-flow protocol operating under solvent-free conditions. — (BONOLLO, S.; LANARI, D.; LONGO, J. M.; VACCARO*, L.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 164-169, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc16088e ; Dip. Chim., Univ. Perugia, I-06123 Perugia, Italy; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid



Cycloaddition reactions O 0070

25-030

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225030

Divergent Amine-Catalyzed [4 + 2] Annulation of Morita—Baylis—Hillman Allylic Acetates with Electron-Deficient Alkenes. — The process provides easy access to highly functionalized cyclic compounds. The annulation features a broad substrate scope with respect to the C_4 and C_2 components. Most of the reactions are clean and afford the cyclization products with complete diastereocontrol and good regioselectivity. As previously reported, the reaction of structurally similar allylic compounds and electron-deficient alkenes in the presence of phosphines as catalysts exclusively affords [3 + 2] annulation products. Thus, this study showcases divergent catalysis between tertiary amines and phosphines. — (XU, S.; CHEN, R.; QIN, Z.; WU, G.; HE*, Z.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 996-999, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol2032569 ; State Key Lab. Elem.-Org. Chem., Nankai Univ., Tianjin 300071, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Bartels





Ring closure reactions O 0130

25-031

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225031 N-Heterocyclic Carbene Catalyzed Reactions of α-Bromo-α,β-unsaturated Aldehydes/α,β-Dibromoaldehydes with 1,3-Dinucleophilic Reagents. — The title reaction affords highly functionalized 3,4-dihydropyranones or 3,4-dihydropyridinones via umpolung processes in the absence of an external oxidant. — (YAO*, C.; WANG, D.; LU, J.; LIM, T.; JIAO, W.; YU, C.; Chem. Eur. J. 18 (2012) 7, 1914-1917, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/chem.201103358 ; Sch. Chem. Chem. Eng., Xuzhou Norm. Univ., Jiangsu, Xuzhou 221116, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Klein





Rearrangements

25- 032

O 0140

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225032

A Catalytic Version of Hypervalent Aryl- λ^3 -iodane-induced Hofmann Rearrangement of Primary Carboxamides: Iodobenzene as an Organocatalyst and m-Chloroperbenzoic Acid as a Terminal Oxidant. — The first catalytic version of a hypervalent aryl- λ^3 -iodane-induced Hofmann rearrangement of primary carboxamides is developed (19 examples). — (MIYAMOTO, K.; SAKAI, Y.; GODA, S.; OCHIAI*, M.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 7, 982-984,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc16360h ; Grad. Sch. Pharm. Sci., Univ. Tokushima, Sho, Tokushima 770, Japan; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt



Oxidation O 0212

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225033

A Short and Faster Entree to N-Oxides: Transition Metal Acetylacetonates Promoted Aerobic Oxidative Transformation of Tertiary Nitrogen Compounds to N-Oxides. — The system iPr-CHO/O₂ in the presence of catalytic amounts of Fe(acac)₂ provides a simple, efficient and convenient method for the oxidation of tertiary nitrogen compounds to corresponding N-oxides under mild conditions. — (DONGRE*, R.; SHEIKH, J.; GHUGAL, D.; ALI, P.; MESHRAM, J.; RAMTEKE, D. S.; Indian J. Chem., Sect. B: Org. Chem. Incl. Med. Chem. 51 (2012) 2, 374-379 ; Dep. Chem., Rashtrasant Tukadoji Maharaj Nagpur Univ., Nagpur 440 033, India; Eng.) — H. Toeppel



A): 1 atm 0₂, 3 equiv. iPrCHO, Fe(acac)₂ (cat.), DCE, 30°C







Halogenation

0 0235 25- 035 DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225035 **Thiourea-Catalyzed Enantioselective Fluorination of** β -Keto Esters. — (XU, J.; HU*, Y.; HUANG, D.; WANG, K.-H.; XU, C.; NIU, T.; Adv. Synth. Catal. 354 (2012) 2-3, 515-526, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201100660 ; Coll. Chem. Chem. Eng., Northwest Norm. Univ., Lanzhou, Gansu 730070, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Nuesgen



Amination O 0268

25-036

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225036

Direct Titanium-Mediated Conversion of Ketones into Enamides with Ammonia and Acetic Anhydride. — The method is performed with safe and inexpensive reagents, proceeds under mild conditions, and tolerates diverse functional groups. The addition of N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(2-hydroxyethyl)ethylenediamine prior to work-up converts Ti(OiPr)₄ into a water-soluble and water-stable complex which allows a simple extractive work-up. — (REEVES*, J. T.; et al.; Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 51 (2012) 6, 1400-1404, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/anie.201107601 ; Dep. Chem. Dev., Boehringer Ingelheim Pharm. Inc., Ridgefield, CT 06877, USA; Eng.) — Klein







O 0282

25-038

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225038 **Mild and Efficient Nickel-Catalyzed Heck Reactions with Electron-Rich Olefins.** — (GOEGSIG, T. M.; KLEIMARK, J.; NILSSON LILL, S. O.; KORSAGER, S.; LINDHARDT, A. T.; NORRBY, P.-O.; SKRYDSTRUP*, T.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 1, 443-452, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja2084509 ; Dep. Chem., Aarhus Univ., DK-8000 Aarhus, Den.; Eng.) — Nuesgen



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25-040

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225040

Suzuki—Miyaura Cross-Couplings of Secondary Allylic Boronic Esters. — Pd-catalyzed cross-coupling reactions of secondary allylic boronic esters (I) with aryl iodides (II) are performed under the conditions previously described for the coupling of benzylic substrates. The regioselectivity of the transformation is largely dictated by the pattern of olefin substitution. — (GLASSPOOLE, B. W.; GHOZATI, K.; MOIR, J. W.; CRUDDEN*, C. M.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 9, 1230-1232, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc16076e ; Dep. Chem., Queen's Univ., Kingston, Ont. K7L 3N6, Can.; Eng.) — M. Paetzel



25-041

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225041

Reactions of Sulfur- and Phosphorus-Substituted Fluoroalkylating Silicon Reagents with Imines and Enamines under Acidic Conditions. — The title reaction allows an effective access to diverse fluorinated amines of biological interest. — (KOSOBOKOV, M. D.; DILMAN*, A. D.; STRUCHKOVA, M. I.; BELYAKOV, P. A.; HU, J.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 2080-2086,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202669w ; Zelinsky Inst. Org. Chem., Russ. Acad. Sci., Moscow 119991, Russia; Eng.) — Jannicke







IX 87%

C-C bond formation O 0282

25 - 042

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225042

Iridium-Catalyzed Addition of Aroyl Chlorides and Aliphatic Acid Chlorides to Terminal Alkynes. — The ligands in the iridium catalytic system play a crucial role for the success of the reactions. N-heterocyclic carbene-derived iridium complex IRC is an efficient catalyst for the addition of aroyl chlorides, whereas Ir/PCy₂(2-tolyl) is more active for the addition of aliphatic acid chlorides. The desired (Z)-β-chloro- $-\alpha$,β-unsaturated ketones are formed regio- and stereoselectively with suppression of undesired decarbonylation and β-hydrogen elimination. — (IWAI, T.; FUJIHARA, T.; TERAO, J.; TSUJI*, Y.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 2, 1268-1274, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja209679c ; Dep. Energy Hydrocarbon Chem., Grad. Sch. Eng., Kyoto Univ., Nishikyo, Kyoto 615, Japan; Eng.) — Klein

$$Ar^{1} \xrightarrow{C} CI \xrightarrow{HC \equiv C - R^{1} (II), IRC (cat.)} Ar^{1} \xrightarrow{O} CI \\ I \xrightarrow{I} I \xrightarrow{I} III \\ a Ar^{1}: -Ph; R^{1}: -Cy \\ b Ar^{1}: -ToI; R^{1}: -Ph \\ g1\% \\ c Ar^{1}: -CF_{3}; R^{1}: -Ph \\ g2\%$$





25-043

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225043 **Copper-Catalyzed Direct C—H Oxidative Trifluoromethylation of Heteroarenes.** — Oxadiazoles, 1,3-azoles, perfluorobenzenes, and indoles react with TmsCF₃ in the presence of air, tBuOOtBu, or Ag₂CO₃ as oxidants. The copper catalyst and the base are optimized for each type of heteroarene. — (CHU, L.; QING*, F.-L.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 2, 1298-1304, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja209992w ; Lab. Organofluorine Chem., Shanghai Inst. Org. Chem., Acad. Sin., Shanghai 200032, Peop. Rep.

China; Eng.) — Klein

A): tBu-O-O-tBu, tBuONa, NaOAc, Cu(O-Ac)₂/phen (1:1) (cat.), DCE, 80°C, [N₂]







DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225044

25-044

A New Reagent for Direct Difluoromethylation. — Bis(difluoromethylsulfonyl)zinc (I), an air-stable, free-flowing powder, which exists as a polymer in the solid state, is an optimum partner for the difluoromethylation of a range of nitrogen-containing heteroarene compounds, aromatic thiols, and conjugated π -systems such as α,β -unsaturated enones. Regiochemical comparisons suggest that the CF₂H radical generated from the zinc compound possesses a nucleophilic character. — (FUJIWARA, Y.; DIXON, J. A.; RODRIGUEZ, R. A.; BAXTER, R. D.; DIXON, D. D.; COLLINS, M. R.; BLACKMOND, D. G; BARAN*, P. S.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 3, 1494-1497, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja211422g ; Dep. Chem., Scripps Res. Inst., San Diego, La Jolla, CA 92037, USA; Eng.) — Klein





UBP:

25-045

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225045

Development of a Fluorous, Oxime-Based Palladacycle for Microwave-Promoted Carbon—Carbon Coupling Reactions in Aqueous Media. — The thermally stable palladacycle promotes the Suzuki—Miyaura, Sonogashira, and Stille coupling reactions under microwave irradiation at high temperatures, thus significantly shortening the reaction time. Noteworthy, the amount of palladium leaching is much lower than that observed for the polymer-supported oxime-based palladacycle analogue. The palladacycle is reused five times in the Suzuki-Miyaura reaction without significant loss of activity. — (SUSANTO, W.; CHU, C.-Y.; ANG, W. J.; CHOU, T.-C.; LO, L.-C.; LAM*, Y.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 77-80, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc16108c ; Dep. Chem., Natl. Univ. Singapore, Singapore 117543, Singapore; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid





	Ar ¹ —Br (V), pyrrolidine, A)		a Ar ¹ : —Ph	96%
Ph-C≡CH	0.5 mol% UBP (cat.), 140°C	Ph—C≡C—Ar ¹	b Ar ¹ :	93%
IV	[-> a][14 min] [-> b][2 min]	VI	c Ar ¹ :	86%
	[-> c] [12 min]			

$$Ar^{2}-X (VIII), Bu_{4}NBr, A)$$

$$a Ar^{2}: -Ph ; X: -I 93\%$$

$$Ani-SnBu_{3} \xrightarrow{0.005 \text{ mol}\% \text{ UBP (cat.), 100°C}} IX b Ar^{2}: -Vii Complete Simplete S$$





Metathesis reactions O 0286



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225047 **Electrostatic Immobilization of an Olefin Metathesis Pre-Catalyst on Iron Oxide Magnetic Particles.** — The quaternary ammonium Hoveyda—Grubbs olefin metathesis pre-catalyst affecting the ring closing metathesis of diethyl diallylmalonate (I) is readily accessed in one step from second generation Grubbs catalyst and immobilized onto magnetically separable nanosized iron oxide particles. The resultant ruthenium alkylidene catalyst provides pseudo-homogeneous reactivity combined with an in-built facile recovery option. Ready reloading of the catalyst as well as reuse of the functionalized magnetic particles are possible through the electrostatic attachment. — (BYRNES, M. J.; HILTON, A. M.; WOODWARD, C. P.; JACKSON, W. R.;

ROBINSON*, A. J.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 81-84,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc16084b ; Sch. Chem., Monash Univ., Clayton, Victoria 3800, Australia; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid



Hydration O 0335

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25-048
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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225048

Aqueous and Biphasic Nitrile Hydration Catalyzed by a Recyclable Ru(II) Complex under Atmospheric Conditions. — Aqueous phase nitrile hydration results in near quantitative conversion of aliphatic and aromatic nitriles (I) and (III) into amides (II) and (IV). Additionally the aqueous/organic biphasic hydration of benzonitrile (Ia) is investigated. The reaction tolerates a variety of functional groups. Amides are the only products formed. The catalyst is robust and can be reused more than five times. Catalyst loading down to 0.001 mol% leads to turnover numbers up to 22000. Advantages of the catalytic system include easy catalyst preparation, simple reaction set-up, and the use of green conditions. Amides (IIb), (IId), and (IIe) are isolated by decantation from the aqueous phase catalyst. — (LEE, W.-C.; FROST*, B. J.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 62-66, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc15950j ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Nev., Reno, NV 89557, USA; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid



A): H₂O, air, RuCl₂(PTA)₄ (cat.), 100°C

Deprotection O 0345

25-049

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225049

Chemoselective Deprotection of Aryl tert-Butyldimethylsilyl Ethers Promoted by Phosphates. — Tbs functions at the aromatic moiety are deprotected selectively under conditions A). Various other common protection groups and a lot of functionalities are tolerated. If K_3PO_4 is used instead of Na_3PO_4 , similar yields are observed; however, the reaction times are somewhat prolonged. A highly efficient deprotection is also possible for the podophyllotoxin derivative (XIII). — (YAN, L.; ZHAO, F.; GAN, Y.; ZHAO, J.; JIANG^{*}, Z.; Synth. Commun. 42 (2012) 2, 285-291,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00397911.2010.523859 ; Key Lab. Nat. Med. Immuno-Eng., Henan Univ., Kaifeng 475004, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Lindner

$$Ar - O - Tbs \xrightarrow{A}, 25^{\circ}C \qquad Ar - OH \qquad a Ar: \qquad 93\%$$

$$I \qquad I \qquad [-> a] [1 h] \qquad II \qquad a Ar: \qquad 93\%$$

$$I \qquad [-> c] [18 min] \qquad b Ar: - OH \qquad a Ar: \qquad 93\%$$

$$I \qquad [-> c] [18 min] \qquad b Ar: - OH \qquad 92\%$$

$$I \qquad (-> c] [18 min] \qquad b Ar: - OH \qquad 92\%$$

$$I \qquad (-> c] [18 min] \qquad b Ar: - OH \qquad 93\%$$

$$I \qquad (-> c] [18 min] \qquad b Ar: - OH \qquad 92\%$$

$$C Ar: - O - Me \qquad 95\%$$

$$d Ar: - O - Me \qquad 95\%$$

$$Ar: - O -$$

$$\begin{array}{c} R^{1}-O-Tbs \xrightarrow{A}, 100^{-C} & R^{1}-OH & a R^{1}: -Bn & trace \\ \hline [-> a] [18 h] & B^{1}-OH & b R^{1}: -Bn & trace \\ & b R^{1}: -Ph & 36\% \\ \hline [-> b,c] [24 h] & c R^{1}: -(CH_{2})_{7}-Me & 0\% \\ \hline III & [-> d] [48 h] & IV & d R^{1}: -Cy & 0\% \end{array}$$

Reactions and Processes





Protection O 0345

25-050

25- 05

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225050 **Trifluoroacetic Acid Catalyzed Tetrahydropyranylation of Alcohols and Phenols and Direct Conversion of THP Ethers into Acetates.** — (BODIPATI, N.; PALLA, S. R.; PEDDINTI*, R. K.; Indian J. Chem., Sect. B: Org. Chem. Incl. Med. Chem. 51 (2012) 2, 356-361 ; Dep. Chem., Indian Inst. Technol., Roorkee 247 667, India; Eng.) — H. Toeppel




Multicomponent reactions O 0359



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225051

Sulfamic Acid Functionalized Magnetic Nanoparticles: An Efficient Solid Acid for the Multicomponent Condensations — [of 2-naphthol with aromatic aldehydes and amides or carbamates (17 examples)]. — (YARAHMADI, H.; SHATERIAN*, H. R.; J. Chem. Res. 36 (2012) 1, 52-55, http://dx.doi.org/10.2184/174751012x12264740420057 ; Dap. Cham. Fag. Sci.

http://dx.doi.org/10.3184/174751912x13264749420957 ; Dep. Chem., Fac. Sci., Sistan & Baluchestan Univ., Zahedan, Iran; Eng.) — C. Cyrus



Acyclic Compounds

Ketones
P 0200DOI: 10.1002/chin.20122505225-052C—X (X: Br, I) Bond-Tolerant Aerobic Oxidative Cross-Coupling: A Strategy to
Selectively Construct β-Aryl Ketones and Aldehydes. — (CHEN, M.; WANG, J.;
CHAI, Z.; YOU, C.; LEI*, A.; Adv. Synth. Catal. 354 (2012) 2-3, 341-346,
http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201100782 ; Coll. Chem. Mol. Sci., Wuhan Univ.,
Wuhan, Hubei 430072, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Nuesgen



Ketone derivatives P 0220

25-053

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225053

Triflic Acid-Functionalized Silica-Coated Magnetic Nanoparticles as a Magnetically Separable Catalyst for Synthesis of gem-Dihydroperoxides. — The catalyst can be easily recycled and reused for seven times without significant loss of activity. — (LIU, Y.-H.; DENG, J.; GAO, J.-W.; ZHANG*, Z.-H.; Adv. Synth. Catal. 354 (2012) 2-3, 441-447, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201100561 ; Coll. Chem. Mater. Sci., Hebei Norm. Univ., Shijiazhuang 050016, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Nuesgen



A): 30% aq. $\rm H_2O_2,~TfOH-Fe_2O_3(SiO_2)$ (cat.), MeCN, 25°C





Isocyclic Compounds



Cyclobutane derivatives Q 0022

25-055

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225055

Photocatalytic [2 + 2] Cycloadditions of Enones with Cleavable Redox Auxiliaries.
— The use of this strategy enables the synthesis of a variety of cyclobutane carboxylic acid derivatives which are not accessible from direct cycloaddition of the corresponding unsaturated carbonyl compounds. — (TYSON, E. L.; FARNEY, E. P.; YOON*, T. P.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1110-1113, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol3000298 ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Wis., Madison, WI 53706, USA; Eng.) — Bartels



A): LiBF₄, EtN(iPr)₂, h ν (visible light), 2.5 mol% RuCl₂(bipy)₃·6H₂O (cat.), MeCN, 25°C



Hydrocarbons Q 0080

25-056

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225056

Cross-Coupling of Non-Activated Chloroalkanes with Aryl Grignard Reagents in the Presence of Iron/N-Heterocyclic Carbene Catalysts. — The reaction is easily carried out with catalytic amounts of FeCl₃ and N-heterocyclic carbene ligands by slow addition technique. The method is also effective for arylation of polychloroalkanes that would form by-products under other conditions. — (GHORAI, S. K.; JIN, M.; HATAKEYAMA, T.; NAKAMURA*, M.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1066-1069, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol2031729 ; Int. Res. Cent. Elem. Sci., Inst. Chem. Res., Kyoto Univ., Uji, Kyoto 611, Japan; Eng.) — Bartels





Alkenes Q 0083

25-057

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225057

Ruthenium-Catalyzed Oxidative C—H Alkenylations of Anilides and Benzamides in Water. — Starting from the fluorinated benzamide (X), the lactams (XI) and (XII) are obtained. — (ACKERMANN*, L.; WANG, L.; WOLFRAM, R.; LYGIN, A. V.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 3, 728-731, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203251s ; Inst. Org. Biomol. Chem., Georg-August-Univ., D-37077 Goettingen, Germany; Eng.) — Jannicke



A): $Cu(0-Ac)_2 H_20$, $Ru_2Cl_4(p-cymene)_2/KPF_6$ (1:4) (cat.), H_20 , 120°C





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Halogen compounds Q 0090

25-058

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225058 Regiospecific Syntheses of Functionalized Diaryliodonium Tosylates via [Hydroxy(tosyloxy)iodo]arenes Generated in situ from (Diacetoxyiodo)arenes. — (CHUN, J.-H.; PIKE*, V. W.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 1931-1938, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202517v ; Mol. Imaging Branch, NIH, Bethesda, MD 20892, USA; Eng.) — Jannicke

$$Ar^{1}-I(O-Ac)_{2} \xrightarrow{1 \text{ equiv. Tos}-OH (II), Ar^{2}-H (III)}_{MeCN, CHCI_{3}, reflux} Ar^{1}-I\overset{+}{-}Ar^{2}_{Tos}-O^{-}$$

$$I \qquad IV$$

$$Ani: - O-Me \qquad a Ar^{1}: - O-Ac; Ar^{2}: -Ani \qquad 86\%$$

$$b Ar^{1}: - O-Ac; Ar^{2}: -Ani \qquad 69\%$$

$$c Ar^{1}: - O-Et; Ar^{2}: -Ani \qquad 83\%$$

$$d Ar^{1}: - O-Ac; Ar^{2}: -Ani \qquad 83\%$$

$$d Ar^{1}: - O-Ac; Ar^{2}: -Ani \qquad 77\%$$

$$Ac-O - O-Ac \qquad Me-O$$

$$e Ar^{1}: - O-Ac; Ar^{2}: -O-Me \qquad 98\%$$

$$f Ar^{1}: - O-O-Me; Ar^{2}: -S \qquad 83\%$$

$$g Ar^{1}: - O-O-Me; Ar^{2}: -S \qquad 83\%$$

$$g Ar^{1}: - O-O-Me; Ar^{2}: -S \qquad 83\%$$

$$Ar^{3}-I(O-Ac)_{2} \xrightarrow{1.1 \text{ equiv. IDS}-OH (II), MeCN, O^{O}C} \xrightarrow{Ar^{3}-I\overset{+}{-}Ar^{4}} V$$

$$V \xrightarrow{V} V \xrightarrow{VII} V \xrightarrow{Me-O} VII$$

$$a Ar^{3}: -Ani; Ar^{4}: \xrightarrow{O} V \xrightarrow{CHO} 65\%$$

$$c Ar^{3}: \sqrt{S}; Ar^{4}: \xrightarrow{O} HO$$

$$Ar^{3} = Ar^{4}$$

Halogen compounds Q 0090

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225059 A Domino Approach of Heck Coupling for the Synthesis of β-Trifluoromethylstyrenes. — The efficient, simple method gives an access to some previously unknown compounds avoiding the use of low-boiling, gaseous reagents. — (PRAKASH*, G. K. S.; KRISHNAN, H. S.; JOG, P. V.; IYER, A. P.; OLAH, G. A.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1146-1149, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol3000769 ; Dep. Chem., Univ. South. Calif., Los Angeles, CA 90089, USA; Eng.) — Bartels



Amines Q 0120

25-060

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225060

Efficient Iron(III)-Catalyzed Three-Component Coupling Reaction of Alkynes, CH₂Cl₂ and Amines to Propargylamines. — An economical and facile protocol for the synthesis of propargyl amines is reported. In-situ IR spectroscopy results suggest C-H bond activation of the alkyne by FeCl₃ in combination with tetramethylguanidine. — (GAO, J.; SONG, Q.-W.; HE*, L.-N.; YANG, Z.-Z.; DOU, X.-Y.; Chem.Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 14, 2024-2026, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc17616e ; State Key Lab. Elem.-Org. Chem., Nankai Univ., Tianjin 300071, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — D. Singer



$$\begin{array}{c} Ar-C \equiv CH & \begin{array}{c} 2 \text{ equiv. } CH_2Cl_2 (II), 2 \text{ equiv. } \underset{R^2}{R^1} & \text{NH} (III), A) \\ Ar-C \equiv C & \end{array} \\ \hline \\ I & \begin{array}{c} I & \begin{array}{c} I & IV \\ a \text{ } Ar: -Ph; R^1-R^2; & 95\% (NMR) \\ b \text{ } Ar: -Tol; R^1-R^2; & 95\% (NMR) \\ b \text{ } Ar: -Tol; R^1-R^2; & 78\% (NMR) \\ c \text{ } Ar: & -Ph; R^1-R^2; & 86\% (NMR) \\ d \text{ } Ar: & -F; R^1-R^2; & 81\% (NMR) \\ e \text{ } Ar: & -F; R^1-R^2; & 81\% (NMR) \\ e \text{ } Ar: & -F; R^1-R^2; & 81\% (NMR) \\ e \text{ } Ar: & -F; R^1-R^2; & 84\% (NMR) \\ e \text{ } Ar: & -F; R^1-R^2; & 84\% (NMR) \\ e \text{ } Ar: & -F; R^1-R^2; & 84\% (NMR) \\ e \text{ } Ar: & -F; R^1-R^2; & 84\% (NMR) \\ f \text{ } Ar: & -Ph; R^1, R^2: -Et & 67\% (NMR) \\ h \text{ } Ar: -Ph; R^1, R^2: -IPr & 37\% (NMR) \\ i \text{ } Ar: -Ph; R^1: -Ph; R^2: -H & 0\% \\ i \text{ } Ar, R^1: -Ph; R^2: -H & 0\% \end{array}$$

A): 2 equiv. $(Me_2N)_2C=NH$, 20 mol% FeCl₃ (cat.), MeCN, 100°C



Amines Q 0120 25- 061

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225061

O61 Synthesis and Cross-Coupling Reactions of Imidomethyltrifluoroborates with Aryl Chlorides. — The reaction is conveniently achieved by Suzuki—Miyaura-like cross-coupling with trifluoroborate (III), which is easily prepared by an optimized procedure. — (DEVULAPALLY, R.; FLEURY-BREGEOT, N.; MOLANDER, G. A.; SEAPY*, D. G.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1051-1055, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.062 ; Dep. Chem., Fac. Sci., Tex. A&M Univ. Qatar, Doha, Qatar; Eng.) — Mais



Amines DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225062 Q 0120 An Efficient Three-Component Synthesis of Homoallylic Amines Catalyzed by 25- 062 MgI₂ Etherate. — (WANG, Y.; LIU, Y.; HU, S.; ZHANG*, X.; J. Chem. Res. 36 (2012) 1, 21-24, http://dx.doi.org/10.3184/174751912x13252567769442 ; Coll. Pharm. Sci., Zhejiang Univ. Technol., Hangzhou, Zhejiang 310032, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Cyrus

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Bu}_{3}\text{Sn}_{\text{CH}_{2}} \\ \text{I} \end{array} \xrightarrow[]{} \text{CH}_{2} \begin{array}{c} \overset{\sim \text{O.8 equiv. R}^{1}-\text{CHO} (\text{II})}{\text{Mgl}_{2}\cdot\text{Et}_{2}\text{O} (\text{cat.})} \\ \text{I} \end{array} \xrightarrow[]{} \begin{array}{c} \overset{\sim \text{O.8 equiv. R}^{2}-\text{NH}_{2} (\text{III})}{\text{Mgl}_{2}\cdot\text{Et}_{2}\text{O} (\text{cat.})} \\ \text{CH}_{2}\text{CH}_{2}, 25^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array} \xrightarrow[]{} \begin{array}{c} \text{NO}_{2} \\ \text{IV} \end{array} \xrightarrow[]{} \begin{array}{c} \text{SR}^{1} \cdot -\text{Ph}; \text{R}^{2} : -\text{O-Me} \\ \text{SR}^{1} \cdot -\text{Ph}; \text{R}^{2} : -\text{O-Me} \\ \text{SR}^{2} \cdot \text{O-Me} \\ \text{SR}^{2} \cdot \text{O-M$$

IV

$$f R^1$$
: $-NO_2$; R^2 : $-Ph$ 97%

h R¹:
$$\mathcal{A}_0$$
; R²: -Ph 96%

Amines O 0120

Ι

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225063

A Single Cu(II) Catalyst for the Three-Component Coupling of Diverse Nitrogen Sources with Aldehydes and Alkynes. — The copper salt promotes the three-component coupling without the addition of ligand or base. The reaction proceeds at a faster rate and higher yield than from preformed imine and water is sole by-product. The superior activity of copper(II) triflate also allows this three-component alkynylation to incorporate a ketone. --- (MEYET, C. E.; PIERCE, C. J.; LARSEN*, C. H.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 964-967, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol2029492 ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Calif., Riverside, CA 92521, USA; Eng.) — Bartels







Monovalent phenols

25-064

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225064 Enantioselective Organocatalytic Three-Component Petasis Reaction Among Salicylaldehydes, Amines, and Organoboronic Acids. — In the presence of the newly designed thiourea-binol catalyst, a broad range of alkylaminophenols is obtained in good yield and good to high enantioselectivity (up to 95% e.e.). — (HAN, W.-Y.; WU, Z.-J.; ZHANG, X.-M.; YUAN*, W.-C.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 976-979, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203109a ; Chengdu Inst. Org. Chem., Chin. Acad. Sci., Chengdu 610041, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Bartels



Alcohols Q 0230

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225065

25-065 Urea/Transition-Metal Cooperative Catalyst for anti-Selective Asymmetric Nitroaldol Reactions. — A highly enantio- and anti-diastereoselective Henry reaction is presented. Best results are obtained with ortho-substituted benzaldehydes (I) and (VIIIb). The compound (X) shows also an "ortho effect". — (LANG, K.; PARK, J.; HONG*, S.; Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 51 (2012) 7, 1620-1624, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/anie.201107785; Dep. Chem., Univ. Fla., Gainesville, FL 32611, USA; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt

Isocyclic Compounds





Alcohols Q 0230 25- 066

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225066

- 066 Chiral Broensted Acid Catalyzed Enantioselective Propargylation of Aldehydes with Allenylboronate. — The organocatalytic reaction is practical and quite general with a broad substrate scope covering aryl, polyaryl, heteroaryl, and aliphatic aldehydes. — (REDDY, L. R.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1142-1145, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol300075n ; Chem. Anal. Dev., Novartis Pharm. Corp., East Hanover, NJ 07936, USA; Eng.) — Bartels

Isocyclic Compounds



Alcohols Q 0230

25-067

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225067

Efficient Iron-Catalyzed Direct β**-Alkylation of Secondary Alcohols with Primary Alcohols.** — (YANG, J.; LIU, X.; MENG, D.-L.; CHEN, H.-Y.; ZONG, Z.-H.; FENG, T.-T.; SUN*, K.; Adv. Synth. Catal. 354 (2012) 2-3, 328-334, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201100907 ; Sch. Pharm. Sci., Jilin Univ., Changchun 130021, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Nuesgen

Phenol ethers

Q 0270

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225068

Copper(II)-Catalyzed Monoarylation of Vicinal Diols with Diaryliodonium Salts. — Under optimized conditions, cis- and trans-cycloalkane-1,2-diols, heterocyclic diols, and aliphatic diols are chemoselectively monoarylated to give the corresponding phenol ethers. — (KURIYAMA*, M.; HAMAGUCHI, N.; ONOMURA, O.; Chem. Eur. J. 18 (2012) 6, 1591-1594, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/chem.201102770 ; Grad. Sch. Biomed. Sci., Nagasaki Univ., Nagasaki 852, Japan; Eng.) — Klein





Phenol ethers

Q 0270

25-069

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225069

O-Allylation of Phenols with Allylic Acetates in Aqueous Media Using a Magnetically Separable Catalytic System. — Cinnamyl acetates undergo coupling with a variety of phenols to produce the corresponding allyl aryl ethers. The branched allylic acetate (VI) is used with equal efficiency to afford the linear allyl aryl ether (Va). This simple procedure utilizes a magnetically separable and easily recyclable heterogeneous palladium catalyst in the presence of a mild base in water under an open atmosphere, precluding the requirement of an inert atmosphere and organic solvents. — (SAHA, A.; LEAZER*, J.; VARMA, R. S.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 67-71, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc16174a ; Natl. Risk Manage. Res. Lab., US Environ. Prot. Agency, Cincinnati, OH 45268, USA; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid



Aldehydes

Q 0320 25- 070

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225070

Highly Regio- and Stereoselective Ruthenium(II)-Catalyzed Direct ortho-Alkenylation of Aromatic and Heteroaromatic Aldehydes with Activated Alkenes under Open Atmosphere. — The process gives substituted alkene derivatives in high yield without side reactions such as decarbonylation of aldehydes, hydroacylation of aldehydes with alkenes or oxidation of aldehydes to acids. The products are further converted into unusual four-membered cyclic ketones or polysubstituted isochromanone derivatives via photochemical rearrangement. — (PADALA, K.; JEGANMOHAN*, M.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1134-1137, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol3000684 ; Dep. Chem., Indian Inst. Sci. Educ. & Res., Pune 411 021, India; Eng.) — Bartels





ChemInform 2012, 43, issue 25



Ketones Q 0350

25-071

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225071 Iron-Catalyzed Synthesis of β-Chlorovinyl and α,β-Alkynyl Ketones from Terminal and Silylated Alkynes with Acid Chlorides. — (GANDEEPAN, P.; PARTHASARATHY, K.; SU, T.-H.; CHENG*, C.-H.; Adv. Synth. Catal. 354 (2012) 2-3, 457-468, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201100670 ; Dep. Chem., Natl. Tsing Hua Univ., Hsinchu 30013, Taiwan; Eng.) — Nuesgen



Nitrocarboxylic acids and esters Q 0435

25-072

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225072 Enantioselective Conjugate Addition of Nitroalkanes to Alkylidenemalonates Promoted by Thiourea-Based Bifunctional Organocatalysts. — (CHIARUCCI, M.; LOMBARDO, M.; TROMBINI, C.; QUINTAVALLA*, A.; Adv. Synth. Catal. 354 (2012) 2-3, 364-370, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201100732 ; Dip. Chim. "G. Ciamician", Univ. Bologna, I-40126 Bologna, Italy; Eng.) — Nuesgen





Hydroxycarboxylic acids (ether carboxylic acids) and esters Q 0450

25-073

Direct Use of Esters in the Mukaiyama Aldol Reaction: A Powerful and Convenient Alternative to Aldehydes. — The method is compatible with many functional groups. In addition, the replacement of unstable and difficult to handle aldehydes with the corresponding esters is demonstrated — (INAMOTO, Y.; NISHIMOTO, Y.; YASUDA, M.; BABA*, A.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1168-1171, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol3001443 ; Dep. Appl. Chem., Fac. Eng., Osaka Univ., Suita, Osaka 565, Japan; Eng.) — Bartels

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225073

Isocyclic Compounds





Carboxylic amides Q 0490

25-074

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225074 Copper-Catalyzed Petasis-Type Reaction: A General Route to α-Substituted Amides from Imines, Acid Chlorides, and Organoboron Reagents. — (MORIN, M. S. T.; LU, Y.; BLACK, D. A.; ARNDTSEN*, B. A.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 2013-2017, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202339v ; Dep. Chem., McGill Univ., Montreal, Que. H3A 2K6, Can.; Eng.) — Jannicke

$$\begin{array}{c} R^{2} + R^{4} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{3} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{4} + R^{3} + R^{3}$$

Carboxylic amides O 0490

25-075

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225075

Peroxide-Mediated Transition-Metal-Free Direct Amidation of Alcohols with Nitroarenes. — The reaction shows very good selectivity: amides are formed as the major products, and only trace amounts of imine by-products are obtained in most cases. The reaction tolerates a wide range of functionalities. The peroxide and the solvent have a significant impact on the reaction yield. — (XIAO, F.; LIU, Y.; TANG, C.; DENG*, G.-J.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 984-987, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203211k ; Coll. Chem., Xiangtan Univ., Xiangtan, Hunan 411105, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Bartels



Carboxylic acid esters Q 0530

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225076

Palladium-Catalyzed Divergent Reactions of α-**Diazocarbonyl Compounds with Allylic Esters: Construction of Quaternary Carbon Centers.** — Allyl arylpropiolates react with the diazo compounds to give 1,5-enynes (III) bearing an all-carbon quaternary center via palladium-catalyzed decarboxylation and migratory insertion. Under similar conditions, allyl benzoates as well as allylic esters (XII) afford ester derivatives bearing an O-substituted quaternary carbon center. — (CHEN, Z.-S.; DUAN, X.-H.; ZHOU, P.-X.; ALI, S.; LUO, J.-Y.; LIANG*, Y.-M.; Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 51 (2012) 6, 1370-1374, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/anie.201106619 ; State Key Lab. Appl. Org. Chem., Lanzhou Univ., Lanzhou, Gansu 730000, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Klein

$$Ar^{1}-C \equiv C \bigvee_{O-A|I} \xrightarrow{Ar^{2} E} (II), A \xrightarrow{Ar^{2} E} (III), A \xrightarrow{$$

$$C \equiv C \xrightarrow{V} We \xrightarrow{(X,Y)} Ph-C \equiv C \xrightarrow{L} We \qquad f Ar^1: -Ph; Ar^2: \xrightarrow{V} CI \qquad 68\%$$

$$IV \qquad V 0\% \qquad W 0\% \qquad G Ar^1: \xrightarrow{V} O-Me$$

Isocyclic Compounds



Carboxylic acid esters Q 0530

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225077

ONLINE LIBRAR

An Efficient Method for the Preparation of Mono α-Aryl Derivatives of Diethyl Malonate and Ethyl Cyanoacetate Using Ethyl-1-imidazole Carbamate (EImC). — A simple approach to the title compounds, which are required as synthons of heterocycles, becomes possible by treatment of arylacetic esters (II) and nitriles (IV) with reagent (I). The method includes the synthesis of sterically hindered aryl derivatives. — (BEHERA, M.; RAGAVAN*, R. V.; SAMBAIAH, M.; ERUGU, B.; REDDY, J. R. K.; MUKKANTI, K.; YENNAM, S.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1060-1062, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.067 ; GVK Biosci., IDA, Hyderabad 500 076, India; Eng.) — Mais

Isocyclic Compounds



Carboxylic acid esters Q 0530

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225078

A Convenient Conversion of Terminal Alkenes into Homologous Unsaturated and Doubly Unsaturated Esters. — The synthesis of unsaturated and doubly unsaturated esters in only 2 steps is possible by the application of a radical xanthate transfer process from easily accessible and commercially available starting materials. The α , β -unsaturated esters are obtained by xanthate transfer with sulfoxide (I) and terminal alkenes followed by syn-elimination. A double elimination of both the sulfoxide and the xanthate demonstrates the synthesis of α , β , γ , δ -unsaturated esters. The latter products may not be easily accessible via more conventional methods. — (HAWKINS, B.; PADDOCK, V. L.; TOELLE, N.; ZARD*, S. Z.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1020-1023, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203387r ; Lab. Synth. Org., CNRS, Ec. Polytech., F-91128 Palaiseau, Fr.; Eng.) — Bartels

O. Me		O _{≫⊂∕} Me		
Ş	R ^{→→CH} 2 (II) Xan−2	ş`'	[−> a−c,f] B⟩	Ş—Xan
Xan-S ^L Eoc	► R	Eoc	[-> d,e] C) ►	R
Ι	_	III		IV
S	a R: — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	63% (m.d.)		a 80%
Xan: ∕Ŭ _O ∕Et	ь R: — (С)— F	51% (m.d.)		b 80%
Eoc: -CO-O-Et	c R: —0-Ac	63% (m.d.)		c 98%
	d R: -CH ₂ -Eoc	57% (m.d.)		d 80%
	e R: —tBu	66% (m.d.)		e 71%
	f R:	62% (m.d.)		f 66%

A): dilauroyl peroxide, EtOAc, 70-75°C

B): toluene, reflux

C): microwaves, toluene, 190°C, [30-45 min]







Carboxylic acid esters

Q 0530

25-079

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225079

Selenide Ions as Catalysts for Homo- and Crossed-Tishchenko Reactions of Expanded Scope. — Selenide ions are superior to previously reported thiolate analogues and promote the disproportionation of aldehydes with increased reaction rates and broader scope at lower loadings and temperature. Thus, high yields of products derived from the disproportionation of a hitherto problematic hindered aliphatic aldehyde and heterocyclic substrates are achieved. Additionally, improved catalyst performance is also observed in the aryl selenide mediated crossed intermolecular Tishchenko reaction. — (CURRAN, S. P.; CONNON*, S. J.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1074-1077, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203439g ; Cent. Synth. Chem. Biol., Trinity Coll., Univ. Dublin, Dublin 2, Ire.; Eng.) — Bartels



A): mol. sieves, Bn-Se-Se-Bn/MgBu₂ (2:1) (cat.), THF, 25°C, [24 h]



Sulfonic acids and esters Q 0550

25-080

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225080

Enantioselective α**-Tosyloxylation of Ketones Catalyzed by Spirobiindane Scaffold Based Chiral Iodoarenes.** — A series of enantiomerically pure spirobiindane is prepared and investigated as catalysts in the tosyloxylation reaction of ketone (I) using MCPBA as a stoichiometric oxidant. Under the optimal conditions, a variety of aromatic, aliphatic, and cyclic ketones is tested. — (YU, J.; CUI, J.; HOU, X.-S.; LIU, S.-S.; GAO, W.-C.; JIANG, S.; TIAN, J.; ZHANG*, C.; Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 22 (2011) 23, 2039-2055, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetasy.2011.12.003 ; State Key Lab. Elem.-Org. Chem., Nankai Univ., Tianjin 300071, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Klein





Sulfoxides Q 0600 25- 081

Iron-Catalyzed Selective Oxidation of Sulfides to Sulfoxides with the Polyethylene Glycol/O₂ System. — Aliphatic and aromatic sulfides are transformed into the corresponding sulfoxides with high selectivity by using molecular oxygen as the oxidant in polyethylene glycol in the presence of $Fe(acac)_2$ as the catalyst. Polyethylene glycol shows an essential effect on the reaction and is considered to play a crucial role in stabilizing the Fe(IV)-oxo species formed in situ, which is supposed to be responsible for sulfide oxidation. — (LI, B.; LIU, A.-H.; HE*, L.-N.; YANG, Z.-Z.; GAO, J.; CHEN, K.-H.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 130-135, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc15821j; State Key Lab., Inst. Elem.-org. Chem., Nankai Univ., Tianjin 300071, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid

$$\begin{array}{cccc} R-S-R & \xrightarrow{A)} & R-SO-R & + & R-SO_2-R \\ I & II & III \\ & & a & R: -Pr & 83\% & 6\% (GC) \\ & & b & R: -Ph & 91\% & 2\% (GC) \end{array}$$

A): 2 MPa O₂, Fe(acac)₂ (cat.), polyethylene glycol 1000, 100°C

Carbamic acid derivatives O 0630

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225082

Palladium-Catalyzed Carbonylation of Amines: Switchable Approaches to Carbamates and N,N'-Disubstituted Ureas. — (GUAN*, Z.-H.; LEI, H.; CHEN, M.; REN, Z.-H.; BAI, Y.; WANG, Y.-Y.; Adv. Synth. Catal. 354 (2012) 2-3, 489-496, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201100545 ; Dep. Chem. Mater. Sci., Northwest. Univ., Xian, Shaanxi 710069, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Nuesgen



Polyphenyl derivatives Q 0700

25-083

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225083

A Cyclobutene-1,2-bis(imidazolium) Salt as Preligand for Palladium-Catalyzed Cross-Coupling Reactions: Properties and Applications. — The title salt forms mono- and bis-carbenes on treatment with bases, which serve as efficient ligands in room-temperature Suzuki—Miyaura reactions, C—C couplings to form sterically extremely hindered biaryls, selective thiophene arylations and couplings with vinylic chlorides. The catalyst is less active in nickel-catalyzed couplings and when nitriles are used as substrates. The sequence of Corey—Fuchs-type reaction and tandem Suzuki—Miyaura cross-coupling/dehydrobromination gives the alkyne (XII). — (RAHIMI, A.; PAPAI, I.; MADARASZ, A.; GJIKAJ, M.; NAMYSLO, J. C.; SCHMIDT*, A.; Eur. J. Org. Chem. 2012, 4, 754-763, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/ejoc.201101378 ; Inst. Org. Chem., TU Clausthal, D-38678 Clausthal-Zellerfeld, Germany; Eng.) — Kieslich



A): NaOtBu, Pd(O-Ac),/I (cat.), toluene





B): NiCl, DME/I (cat.), toluene



ĊF3 XVII XIX 48% | XX XXI 68%



Polyphenyl derivatives

25-084

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225084 **Transition-Metal-Free Highly Chemo- and Regioselective Arylation of Unactivated Arenes with Aryl Halides over Recyclable Heterogeneous Catalysts.** — A novel heterogenous catalysis system based on a metal-organic framework (MOF-253) demonstrating excellent chemo- and regioselectivity in the title reaction is presented. — (LIU, H.; YIN, B.; GAO, Z.; LI*, Y.; JIANG, H.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 14, 2033-2035, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc16790e ; Sch. Chem. Chem. Eng., South China Univ. Technol., Guangzhou, Guangdong 510640, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — D. Singer







Polyphenyl derivatives Q 0700

25- 085

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225085

The Role of Magnetic Nanoparticles (MNP) as Reducing Agents in an MNP-Supported Pd—Catalyst for the Reductive Homocoupling of Aryl Halides. — The catalyst exhibits good activity in the synthesis of compounds (II). It can be reused for 5 times, subsequently the yield decreases dramatically. — (ZHENG, J.; LIN, S.; JIANG, B.-W.; MARDER*, T. B.; YANG, Z.; Can. J. Chem. 90 (2012) 1, 138-144, http://dx.doi.org/10.1139/v11-133 ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Durham, Durham DH1 3LE, UK; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt



Polyphenyl derivatives DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225086 Q 0700 Benzotriazole: An Efficient, Inexpensive and Phosphine-Free Ligand for the Pal-25-086 ladium-Catalyzed Suzuki—Miyaura Reaction. — (JHA, R. R.; CHAUDHARY, R.; CHANDRA, R.; VERMA*, A. K.; J. Indian Chem. Soc. 88 (2011) 8, 1187-1194; Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi 110 007, India; Eng.) - R. Langenstrassen 1.2 equiv. $Ar^2-B(OH)_2$ (II), 2 equiv. K_2CO_3 $Ar^{1}-X \xrightarrow{Pd(O-Ac)_{2}/(I_{H})^{N}}_{I_{H}} (1:2) (cat.), DMF/H_{2}O (4:1) \Rightarrow Ar^{1}-Ar^{2}$ T [-> f-i] 60°C III a Ar¹, Ar²: -Ph ; X: -Br 90% 94% - ; Ar²: -Ph ; X: -I b Ar¹: 81% ∑; Ar²: -{_}____O-Me ; X: -I d Ar¹: 86% e Ar¹, Ar²: ─⟨)—O−Me ; X: —I 95% f Ar¹: — Me ; Ar²: -Ph ; X: -Br 95% g Ar¹: ── CN ; Ar²: −−Ph ; X: −−I 96% h Ar¹: \longrightarrow X: -Br92%

i Ar¹: \swarrow NO₂; Ar²: \checkmark O F; X: -I 93% j Ar¹: \checkmark Ar²: \checkmark ; Ar²: \checkmark ; X: -I 86%

Polyphenyl derivatives Q 0700

25-087

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225087 Chlorostyrenes in Iron-Catalyzed Biaryl Coupling Reactions. — The coupling of chlorostyrenes with arylmagnesium bromides requires only mild conditions and tolerates various functional groups. No competitive reactions of the vinyl group are observed. — (GUELAK, S.; JACOBI VON WANGELIN*, A.; Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 51 (2012) 6, 1357-1361, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/anie.201106110 ; Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Regensburg, D-93053 Regensburg, Germany; Eng.) — Klein





A): Fe(acac)₃ (cat.), THF/NMP (10:1), 30°C, [slow addition of Grignard species]

B): Fe(acac)₃ (cat.), THF/NMP (10:1), 30°C, [rapid addition of Grignard species]



Polyphenyl derivatives Q 0700

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225088

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25-088
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Aminoborylation/Suzuki—Miyaura Tandem Cross Coupling of Aryl Iodides as Efficient and Selective Synthesis of Unsymmetrical Biaryls. — Sequential borylation of a first aryl iodide (I) using a dialkylaminoborane followed by a Suzuki— -Miyaura cross coupling of second aryl iodide (II) affords unsymmetrical biaryls, in an efficient and practical manner. The tandem coupling shows a wide range of applicability. — (MARCIASINI, L.; RICHY, N.; VAULTIER, M.; PUCHEAULT*, M.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 10, 1553-1555, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1cc14605j ; Inst. Sci. Mol., Univ. Bordeaux, F-33405 Talence, Fr.; Eng.) — M. Paetzel

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{Ar^{1}-I} & \xrightarrow{1. \operatorname{H_{2}B-N(iPr)_{2}, \operatorname{Et_{3}N, PdCl_{2} (dppp)/KI (cat.), taluene, reflux}} \operatorname{Ar^{1}-Ar^{2}} \\ I & \xrightarrow{2. \operatorname{Ar^{2}-I} (II), \operatorname{Cs_{2}CO_{3}, 10 equiv. EtOH, 10 equiv. H_{2}O, taluene, reflux} III \\ & a \operatorname{Ar^{1}:} - - \operatorname{O-Me}; \operatorname{Ar^{2}:} - \operatorname{Tol} & 100\% \\ & b \operatorname{Ar^{1}:} - - \operatorname{O-Me}; \operatorname{Ar^{2}:} - \operatorname{Tol} & 100\% \\ & b \operatorname{Ar^{1}:} - - \operatorname{O-Me}; \operatorname{Ar^{2}:} - \operatorname{O-Me}; \operatorname{Ar^{2}:}$$

Polyphenylalkane derivatives Q 0720

25-089

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225089

Iron Nanoparticle-Promoted Cu(I)-Catalyzed Homocoupling of Arylmethyl Halides for the Synthesis of 1,2-Diarylethanes. — (SHEKARRIZ*, M.; ADIB, M.; BIABANI, T.; TAGHIPOOR, S.; J. Chem. Res. 36 (2012) 1, 29-30, http://dx.doi.org/10.3184/174751912x13252619521880 ; Res. Inst. Petrol. Ind., Tehran, Iran; Eng.) — C. Cyrus



Polyphenylalkyne derivatives Q 0750

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225090 Al(OTf)₃: An Efficient Recyclable Catalyst for Direct Nucleophilic Substitution of the Hydroxy Group of Propargylic Alcohols with Carbon- and Heteroatom-Centered Nucleophiles to Construct C—C, C—O, C—N and C—S Bonds. — Independent of the nucleophile used, the reactions are finished within a few hours. — (GOHAIN, M.; MARAIS, C.; BEZUIDENHOUDT*, B. C. B.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1048-1050, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.060 ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Free State, Bloemfontein 9300, S. Afr.; Eng.) — Mais





Oxo compounds Q 0900

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225091

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25-091
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Enantioselective α-**Arylation of Cyclic Ketones Catalyzed by a Combination of an Unmodified Cinchona Alkaloid and a Palladium Complex.** — (RICHTER, C.; RANGANATH, K. V. S.; GLORIUS*, F.; Adv. Synth. Catal. 354 (2012) 2-3, 377-382, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201100669 ; Org.-Chem. Inst., Westfael. Wilhelms Univ., D-48149 Muenster, Germany; Eng.) — Nuesgen


Carbonyl derivatives

Q 0930



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225092

A Novel Method for Synthesizing N-Alkoxycarbonyl Aryl α-Imino Esters and Their Applications in Enantioselective Transformations. — (QIAN, Y.; JING, C.; ZHAI, C.; HU*, W.-H.; Adv. Synth. Catal. 354 (2012) 2-3, 301-307, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201100615 ; Dep. Chem., East China Norm. Univ., Shanghai 200062, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Nuesgen





Other naphthalene derivatives Q 1020

25- 093

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225093 **Synthesis of 3,3-Disubstituted** α**-Tetralones by Rhodium-Catalyzed Reaction of 1-(2-Haloaryl)cyclobutanols.** — The asymmetric version of the title reaction affords chiral α-tetralones bearing an asymmetric quaternary carbon at the 3-position. — (ISHIDA, N.; SAWANO, S.; MURAKAMI*, M.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 14, 1973-1975, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc16907j ; Dep. Synth. Chem. Biol. Chem., Kyoto Univ., Katsura, Kyoto 615, Japan; Eng.) — D. Singer

$$\begin{array}{c} R^{2} + R^{1} \\ R^{3} + R^{4} \\ R^{3} + R^{4} \\ I \\ I \\ R^{3} + R^{4} \\ I \\ R^{3} + R^{4} \\ I \\ R^{2} + R^{3} \\ R^{4} \\ I \\ R^{2} + R^{3} \\ R^{4} \\ R^{$$

A): Rh₂(OH)₂(cod)₂/BINAP (1:2:2) (cat.), dioxane, 120°C, [24 h]



B): K_3PO_4 , $Rh_2(OH)_2(cod)_2/(R)-p-toIBINAP$ (1:2:2) (cat.), dioxane, 120°C, [24 h]



Other naphthalene derivatives

Q 1020

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225094

Deoxycholic Acid Derived Monophosphites as Chiral Ligands in the Asymmetric Suzuki—**Miyaura Cross-Coupling.** — The choice and amount of base are crucial for the outcome of the coupling reactions. Under optimized conditions, enantiomerically enriched biaryl derivatives are obtained from naphthyl bromide (I) and arylboronic acids. The presence of a methoxy group at the ortho-position to bromine is mandatory for the enantioselectivity of the reaction. — (JUMDE, V. R.; IULIANO*, A.; Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 22 (2011) 24, 2151-2155,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetasy.2011.12.006 ; Dip. Chim. Chim. Ind., Univ. Pisa, I-56126 Pisa, Italy; Eng.) — Klein



A): 2.5 equiv. K_2CO_3 , 1 mol% Pd(dba)₂/(S_a)-PHO (1:1) (cat.), CH₂Cl₂, 25°C [addition of K_2CO_3 in two portions]





Fluorene derivatives Q 1060

25-095

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225095

Bi(III)-Catalyzed Intermolecular Reactions of (Z)-Pent-2-ene-4-ynyl Acetates with Ethynylarenes for the Construction of Multisubstituted Fluorene Skeletons Through a Cascade Electrophilic Addition/Cycloisomerization Sequence. — It provides a straightforward approach to multisubstituted fluorenes and related compounds. — (WANG, X.-C.; YAN, R.-L.; ZHONG, M.-J.; LIANG*, Y.-M.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 2064-2068, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202607z ; State Key Lab. Appl. Org. Chem., Lanzhou Univ., Lanzhou, Gansu 730000, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Jannicke



Heterocyclic Compounds





Oxirane derivatives R 0030

25-097

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225097 A Peptide-Embedded Trifluoromethyl Ketone Catalyst for Enantioselective Epoxidation. — A peptide-based catalyst for the asymmetric epoxidation of alkenes is designed. Its use allows the synthesis of substrates for which current methods give only poor selectivity. — (ROMNEY, D. K.; MILLER*, S. J.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1138-1141, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol3000712 ; Dep. Chem., Yale Univ., New Haven, CT 06520, USA; Eng.) — Bartels



Furan derivatives R 0060

25-098

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225098

Reaction of 5-Alkoxy-3,4-dihalo-2(5H)-furanones with Secondary Amines: Expected versus Unanticipated Products and Their Preliminary Bioactivity Investigations. — The unusual behavior of 5-methoxy-3,4-dihalo-2(5H)furanones (I) in the reaction with diisopropylamine is studied and a possible mechanism for the formation of ring opening products (V) is proposed. — (MO, Y.-Q.; WANG*, Z.-Y.; MEI, W.-J.; FU, J.-H.; TAN, Y.-H.; LUO, S.-H.; Monatsh. Chem. 143 (2012) 3, 443-453, http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s00706-011-0594-3 ; Dep. Chem., South China Norm. Univ., Guangzhou 510006, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — H. Haber



Furan derivatives R 0060

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225099 Effective Synthesis of 2,5-Disubstituted Tetrahydrofurans from Glycerol by Catalytic Alkylation of Ketones. — The iridium-catalyzed α-alkylation of ketones (II) and (VI) followed by reduction and application of a Fe(III)-mediated deprotection/cyclization methodology affords an isomeric mixture of tetrahydrofurans (IV)/(V) and (VIII). Easily accessible acetophenones as well as solketal (I), a readily available derivative of the bulk chemical glycerol, are used in the atom-economic transfer hydrogenation reaction, in which water is the only by-product. In addition, a more practical, one-pot, three-step procedure without chromatographic purification of any of the intermediates, furnishes (Vb) in an overall yield of 59%. — (RUEPING*, M.; PHAPALE, V. B.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 55-57, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc15764g ; Inst. Org. Chem., RWTH Aachen, D-52074 Aachen, Germany; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid



A): LiOH·H_2O, $Ir_2Cl_2(cod)_2/PPh_3$ (cat.), toluene, 110°C

- B): NaBH₄, MeOH, 10°C
- C): FeCl₃, CH₂Cl₂, 25°C







Benzofuran derivatives R 0070

25-101

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225101 **Ruthenium NHC Catalyzed Highly Asymmetric Hydrogenation of Benzofurans.** — (ORTEGA, N.; URBAN, S.; BEIRING, B.; GLORIUS*, F.; Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 51 (2012) 7, 1710-1713, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/anie.201107811 ; Org.-Chem. Inst., Westfael. Wilhelms Univ., D-48149 Muenster, Germany; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt



Benzofuran derivatives R 0070

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25-102
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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225102

A Novel Entry to Functionalized Benzofurans and Indoles via Palladium(0)-Catalyzed Arylative Dearomatization of Furans. — The protocol involves palladium--catalyzed dearomatizing intramolecular arylation of the furan part, ring-opening, and a β -hydride elimination sequence. — (YIN*, B.; CAI, C.; ZENG, G.; ZHANG, R.; LI, X.; JIANG, H.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1098-1101,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol300008d ; Sch. Chem. Chem. Eng., South China Univ. Technol., Guangzhou, Guangdong 510640, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Bartels



A): 2 equiv. K_2CO_3 , $Pd(PPh_3)_4/PPh_3$ (1:2) (cat.), dioxane, 140°C, [24 h]







Dibenzofuran derivatives R 0080

25-103

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225103 **Cu-Catalyzed Oxidative C(sp²)—H Cycloetherification of o-Arylphenols for the Preparation of Dibenzofurans.** — The alternative method for the synthesis of dibenzofurans is characterized by a simple reaction system and inexpensive Cu-salts as catalysts. The presence of a strong para-electron-withdrawing group on the phenol is essential for the success. — (ZHAO, J.; WANG, Y.; HE, Y.; LIU, L.; ZHU*, Q.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1078-1081, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203442a ; State Key Lab. Respir. Dis., Guangzhou Inst. Biomed. Health, Chin. Acad. Sci., Guangzhou 510530, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Bartels

$$R^{1} \xrightarrow[OH]{} A), [12-14 h] \xrightarrow{R^{1}} R^{1} \xrightarrow[OH]{} R^{1} \xrightarrow[OH]{} R^{1} = -NO_{2} \quad 72\%$$

b R^{1} = -NO_{2} \quad 72\%
b R^{1} = -NO_{2} \quad 72\%
c R^{1} = -CHO \ 64\%
c R^{1} = -CHO \ 44\%

A): air, PivOH, Cs₂CO₃₄ DMSO, 140°C



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Thiophene derivatives R 0090

25-104

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225104 Synthesis of Thiophenes and Pyranone-Fused Thiophenes by Base-Induced Inter and Intramolecular C—S and C—C Bond Formation: A Non-Catalytic Approach. — Treatment of lactones (I) and (V) with thioglycolate under basic conditions yields non-fused thiophenes (III) as well as pyranone-fused thiophenes (IV) and (VI). In the latter case, the expected second product of type (VII) is not observed. Thiophenes (III) are formed by attack of a mercaptide ion at C-6 of the lactone followed by ring closure and elimination of carbon dioxide and methyl mercaptan. — (MISHRA, P.; MAURYA, H. K.; KUMAR, B.; TANDON*, V. K.; RAM, V. J.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1056-1059, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.066 ; Dep. Chem., Lucknow Univ., Lucknow 226 007, India; Eng.) — Mais



Thiophene derivatives R 0090

25-105

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225105

Generation of Metalated Thiophenes with Grignard Reagent and Catalytic Secondary Amine for the Cross-Coupling Reaction with Aryl Halides. — Thiophenes and benzofuran are metalated in 2-position under conditions A), followed by Ni- or Pd-catalyzed cross-coupling with aryl halides. The method is also applied to the synthesis of an unsymmetrically substituted 2,5-diarylthiophene (VII). — (TANAKA, S.; TANAKA, D.; SUGIE, A.; MORI*, A.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1173-1176, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.108 ; Dep. Chem. Sci. Eng., Fac. Eng., Kobe Univ., Nada, Kobe 657, Japan; Eng.) — Mais

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Thiophene derivatives R 0090

25-106

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225106

Hydrogen-Bond-Mediated Cascade Reaction Involving Chalcones: Facile Synthesis of Enantioenriched Trisubstituted Tetrahydrothiophenes. — Target compounds with three stereogenic centers are directly obtained from commercially available materials with a low catalyst loading. The synthetic potential of this chemistry is demonstrated by the functional diversity of the products and a gram-scale synthesis. — (LING, J.-B.; SU, Y.; ZHU, H.-L.; WANG, G.-Y.; XU*, P.-F.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1090-1093, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol2034959 ; State Key Lab. Appl. Org. Chem., Coll. Chem. Chem. Eng., Lanzhou Univ., Lanzhou, Gansu 730000, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Bartels



Benzothiophene derivatives R 0100

25-107

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225107 One-Pot Synthesis of 4,8-Dialkylbenzo[1,2-b:4,5-b']dithiophenes. — A simple two-step procedure is elaborated for the preparation of dialkylated benzodithiophenes (III) and (V) from dione (I). The stabilized HOMO levels of the title compounds suggests that they are promising building blocks for use in organic photovoltaics. — (PAPPENFUS*, T. M.; SEIDENKRANZ, D. T.; REINHEIMER, E. W.; Heterocycles 85 (2012) 2, 355-364, http://dx.doi.org/10.3987/com-11-12390 ; Div. Sci. Math., Univ. Minn., Morris, MN 56267, USA; Eng.) — R. Staver





Pyrrole derivatives R 0120

25-108

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225108 Xanthan Sulfuric Acid as an Efficient, Green, Biodegradable, and Recyclable Solid Acid Catalyst for One-Pot Synthesis of N-Substituted Pyrroles under Solvent--Free Conditions at Room Temperature. — High yields of trisubstituted pyrroles (III) and (VI) are achieved in short reaction times (4—90 min) using the biopolymer--based sulfuric acid as catalyst. The catalyst can be recovered and reused for at least four runs without significant loss of activity. — (RAHMATPOUR, A.; Monatsh. Chem. 143 (2012) 3, 491-495, http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s00706-011-0604-5 ; Div. Polym. Sci. Technol., Res. Inst. Petrol. Ind., Tehran 14665, Iran; Eng.) — H. Haber

Pyrrole derivatives R 0120

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225109 New Pyrroles (III) from Quinazolinium N1-Ylides and Acetylenic Dipolarophiles. — (CAIRA*, M. R.; DUMITRASCU, F.; GEORGESCU, E.; GEORGESCU, F.; POPA, M. M.; Rev. Roum. Chim. 56 (2011) 8, 771-776 ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Cape Town, Rondebosch 7700, Cape Town, S. Afr.; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen

$$R^{1} \xrightarrow{+}_{N} Me \xrightarrow{1.67 \text{ equiv. } HC \equiv C \xrightarrow{0}_{R^{2}} (II)}_{O \xrightarrow{-} Et, \text{ reflux, } [70 \text{ h}]} R^{1} \xrightarrow{0}_{N} Me \xrightarrow{+}_{H} O \xrightarrow{+}_{R^{2}} Ar \xrightarrow{0}_{R^{2}} Ar \xrightarrow{-}_{R^{2}} Ar \xrightarrow{-}_{R^{2}$$

Pyrrole derivatives R 0120

25-110

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225110 Synthesis of Pyrroles Through a 4π-Electrocyclic Ring-Closure Reaction of 1-Azapentadienyl Cations. — (NARAYAN, R.; FROEHLICH, R.; WUERTHWEIN*, E.-U.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 1868-1879, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202477h ; Org.-Chem. Inst., Westfael. Wilhelms Univ., D-48149 Muenster, Germany; Eng.) — Jannicke

g R¹:
$$-\sum_{\text{Pr}}$$
; R²: -Ph 46% 83%

h R¹:
$$-CI$$
; R²: $-ToI = 60\%$ 64%
i R¹: $-S$; R²: $-Me = 63\%$ 36%

A): 2 equiv. TfOH, CH₂Cl₂, -10°C, [0.025M alcohol solution]





Pyrrole derivatives R 0120 DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225111 Synthesis of Acyl Pyrroles via Palladium-Catalyzed Carbonylative Amination of 25-111 Aryl and Alkenyl Iodides. — (HO, S.; BONDARENKO, G.; ROSA, D.; DRAGISIC, B.; ORELLANA*, A.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 2008-2012, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo2022444; Dep. Chem., York Univ., North York, Toronto, Ont. M3J 1P3, Can.; Eng.) — Jannicke $\begin{array}{c} R^{1} \\ R^{2} \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} (I), 1 \text{ atm CO (III), A} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ [-> a,b] Pd(PPh_{3})_{4} (cat.) \\ \hline \\ [-> c] PNC (cat.) \end{array}$ Ar-l (II), 1 atm CO (III), A) Ι IV VI a R¹: -H; R²: -Bu 30% a Ar: —Tal 86% b R¹−R²: b Ar: -85% 61% c R¹: −Ph : R²: −H 35% 50% 82% A): K₃PO₄, toluene, 90°C 79% PNC: 93% 92% 85%

Pyrrole derivatives

R 0120

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225112

5-Membered N-Heterocyclic Compounds by Dimethyl Carbonate Chemistry. — A dimethyl carbonate-promoted intramolecular cyclization of aliphatic and aromatic 1,4-amino alcohols (I), (V), and (VII) is achieved in the presence of a base to afford the corresponding 5-membered aza-cyclic molecules. This one-pot and green procedure provides good product yields and does not require a chlorinated solvent or reagent. — (ARICO, F.; TONIOLO, U.; TUNDO*, P.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 58-61, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc15698e ; Dip. Sci. Ambientali, Univ. Ca' Foscari, I-30123 Venezia, Italy; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid



Pyrrole derivatives R 0120

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225113

25-113

A Simple Direct Phosgeneless Route to N-Heteroaryl Unsymmetrical Ureas. — The approach to ureas (III), (V), and (VII) involves the direct reaction of N-phenoxycarbonyl derivatives of pyrrole, indole, and carbazole, (I), (IV), and (VI), with amines (II) in the presence of an amidine base under very mild conditions. The route avoids multistep procedures and toxic phosgene or its derivatives. — (CARAFA, M.; MELE, V.; QUARANTA*, E.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 217-225, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc15984d ; Dip. Chim., Univ. Bari, I-70126 Bari, Italy;

Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid





Indole derivatives

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225115

Divergent Outcomes of Gold(I)-Catalyzed Indole Additions to 3,3-Disubstituted Cyclopropenes. — The reaction leads to bis-indolylalkanes or (E)-vinylindoles depending on the conditions used. Starting from cyclopropenes bearing 2 sterically bulky substituents, unprecedented oxidation takes place giving bis-indolylalkenes which are accompanied by epoxides. — (YOUNG, P. C.; HADFIELD, M. S.; ARROWSMITH, L.; MACLEOD, K. M.; MUDD, R. J.; JORDAN-HORE, J. A.; LEE*, A.-L.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 3, 898-901, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203418u ; Sch. Eng. Phys. Sci., Heriot-Watt Univ., Edinburgh EH14 4AS, UK; Eng.) — Jannicke

Heterocyclic Compounds





Indole derivatives R 0140

25-116

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225116

Synthesis of 2-Iminoindolines via Samarium Diiodide Mediated Reductive Cyclization of Carbodiimides. — A synthetic method for the preparation of 2-iminoindolines via SmI₂-mediated reductive cyclization of carbodiimides bearing unsaturated carbonyl groups such as lactams or esters (cyclic or acyclic) is described. — (ISHIDA, T.; TSUKANO, C.; TAKEMOTO*, Y.; Chem. Lett. 41 (2012) 1, 44-46, http://dx.doi.org/10.1246/cl.2012.44 ; Grad. Sch. Pharm. Sci., Kyoto Univ., Sakyo, Kyoto 606, Japan; Eng.) — D. Singer



Isoindole derivatives R 0140

25-117

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225117 Development of a Copper(II)-Catalyzed Three-Component Tandem Synthesis of Isoindolinone Derivatives. — An efficient and simple one-pot synthesis of the title compounds is developed from inexpensive starting materials. ortho-Substituted anilines and acetylenes (Vh,i) do not react. The use of propiolates such as (IX) produces exclusively a 1,4-dihydropyridine system. — (SUN, L. X.; ZENG, T.; JIANG, D.; DAI, L.-Y.; LI*, C.-J.; Can. J. Chem. 90 (2012) 1, 92-99, http://dx.doi.org/10.1139/v11-108 ; Dep. Chem., McGill Univ., Montreal, Que. H3A 2K6, Can.; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt





Indole derivatives R 0140

25-118

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225118 Palladium-Catalyzed C3-Benzylation of Indoles. — (ZHU, Y.; RAWAL*, V. H.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 1, 111-114, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja2095393 ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Chicago, Chicago, IL 60637, USA; Eng.) — Nuesgen



A): BEt₃, BSA, [Pd(allyl)(cod)]BF₄/DEP (cat.), toluene, 50°C, [18 h] DEP:



Indole derivatives R 0140

25-119

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225119

A Multi-Component Domino Reaction for the Direct Access to Polyfunctionalized Indoles via Intermolecular Allylic Esterification and Indolation. — A chemo- and regioselective synthesis of the title compounds (IV) and (VII) is presented from very common and easily accessible inexpensive starting materials. In this fast reaction, water is the major by-product which makes work-up convenient. — (JIANG, B.; YI, M.-S.; SHI, F.; TU*, S.-J.; PINDI, S.; MCDOWELL, P.; LI, G.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 6, 808-810, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1cc15913e ; Sch. Chem. Chem. Eng., Xuzhou Norm. Univ., Xuzhou 221009, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt



Indole derivatives R 0140

25-120

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225120

Palladium-Catalyzed Oxidative Aryltrifluoromethylation of Activated Alkenes at Room Temperature. — A variety of trifluoromethylated oxindoles is prepared by the title reaction of N-aryl acrylamide derivatives with TmsCF₃ using PhI(OAc)₂ as oxidant. — (MU, X.; WU, T.; WANG, H.-Y.; GUO, Y.-L.; LIU*, G.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 2, 878-881, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja210614y ; State Key Lab. Organomet. Chem., Shanghai Inst. Org. Chem., Chin. Acad. Sci., Shanghai 200032, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Klein





A): Ph-I(O-Ac)₂, CsF, Pd(OAc)₂/BOX/Yb(O-Tf)₃ (1:1.5:2) (cat.)



XIV 62% (100% d.e.)

XIII

Indole derivatives R 0140

25-121

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225121 Enantioselective Synthesis of Spiro Cyclopentane-1,3'-indoles and 2,3,4,9-Tetrahydro-1H-carbazoles by Iridium-Catalyzed Allylic Dearomatization and Stereospecific Migration. — In some cases, the imine functionality of the indolenines, which are obtained from the allylic dearomatization, causes purification difficulties. Therefore, a reduction step is added to afford the stable compounds (II) and (IV). Furthermore, a novel stereospecific migration of indolenines to the title compounds (VII) and (VIII) is presented. — (WU, Q.-F.; ZHENG, C.; YOU*, S.-L.; Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 51 (2012) 7, 1680-1683, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/anie.201107677 ; State Key Lab. Organomet. Chem., Shanghai Inst. Org. Chem., Chin. Acad. Sci., Shanghai 200032, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt



 $(-) - \mathrm{VII}^{*}$ 94% (86% d.e., 97% e.e.)

VI





Indole derivatives R 0140

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225122

Regioselective Preferential Nucleophilic Addition of N-Heterocycles onto Haloarylalkanes over N-Arylation of Aryl Halides. — The work demonstrates that the reaction of N-heterocycles with halo-substituted arylalkynes affords hydroamination products and not the desired N-arylation products. A mechanistic pathway is discussed. — (JOSHI, M.; TIWARI, R.; VERMA*, A. K.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1106-1109, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203491p; Synth. Org. Chem. Res. Lab., Univ. Delhi, Delhi 110 007, India; Eng.) — Bartels



A): KOH, CuJ/HMB (1:2) (cat.), DMSO, 120°C





Carbazole derivatives R 0150

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225123

PEG-400-Promoted and Ultrasound-Assisted Rap—Stoermer Reaction for Efficient Synthesis of Benzofuran-2-yl(carbazoly)methanone Derivatives. — (LI, Y.; YAN, Y.; GAO*, W.; Heterocycles 85 (2012) 2, 421-429,

http://dx.doi.org/10.3987/com-11-12385 ; Inst. Superfine Chem., Bohai Univ., Jinzhou 121000, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — R. Staver



A): ultrasound, 4 equiv. K₂CO₃, polyethylene glycol 400 (cat.), MeCN, 70°C, [4-5 h]





Fused pyrrole derivatives R 0160

25-124

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225124

Angular-Shaped Naphthalene Tetracarboxylic Diimides for n-Channel Organic Transistor Semiconductors. — (CHEN, S.-C.; ZHANG, Q.; ZHENG*, Q.; TANG, C.; LU, C.-Z.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 9, 1254-1256,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc15733k ; State Key Lab. Struct. Chem., Fujian Inst. Res. Struct. Matter, Chin. Acad. Sci., Fujian, Fuzhou 350002, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — M. Paetzel



Fused pyrrole derivatives R 0160

25-125

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225125 Lewis Acid Promoted Intramolecular (3 + 2) "Cycloadditions" of Methyleneaziridines with Alkene and Alkyne Acceptors. — (GRIFFIN, K.; MONTAGNE, C.; HOANG, C. T.; CLARKSON, G. J.; SHIPMAN*, M.; Org. Biomol. Chem. 10 (2012) 5, 1032-1039, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1ob06578e ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Warwick, Coventry CV4 7AL, UK; Eng.) — Nuesgen



Fused pyrrole derivatives

25-126

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225126 Alkali Base Initiated Michael Addition/Alkyne Carbocyclization Cascades. — The new cascade reaction proceeds in the presence of substoichiometric quantities of alkali metal base. It takes place under mild conditions and gives access to stereochemically defined, tricyclic structures in good yields and high stereoselectivity. — (KOURRA, C.; KLOTTER, F.; SLADOJEVICH, F.; DIXON*, D. J.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1016-1019, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol2033674 ; Chem. Res. Lab., Dep. Chem., Univ. Oxford, Oxford OX1 3TA, UK; Eng.) — Bartels



Dioxole derivatives R 0170



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225127

Palladium-Catalyzed Synthesis of Terminal Acetals via Highly Selective anti-Markovnikov Nucleophilic Attack of Pinacol on Vinylarenes, Allyl Ethers, and 1,5-Dienes. — In the presented reaction, the sterical bulkiness of pinacol (II) controls the regioselectivity in an anti-Markovnikov manner. The reaction of 2- and 4-vinylpyridines does not proceed. α -Methylstyrene gives not the desired product and remains unreacted. Other dienes such as diethyl diallylmalonate and 1,7-octadiene result in no formation of terminal acetals. — (YAMAMOTO, M.; NAKAOKA, S.; URA*, Y.; KATAOKA, Y.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 8, 1165-1167, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc16561a ; Dep. Chem., Fac. Sci., Nara Women's Univ., Nara 630, Japan; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt

Heterocyclic Compounds





Dioxole derivatives R 0170

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225128

Syntheses of Cyclic Carbonates with Amidinium Halide Catalysts in Reusable, Reversible, Room-Temperature Ionic Liquids or Acetonitrile. — Reaction between epoxides (I) and carbon dioxide (II) in room temperature ionic liquids and in the presence of an amidinium halide catalyst occurs cleanly to provide the cyclic carbonates (III), exclusively. The ionic liquids are obtained in situ by exposing equimolar mixtures of an N'-alkyl-N,N-dimethylacetamidine and an aliphatic amine to carbon dioxide. The products are easily separated from the reaction mixtures, and the ionic liquid/catalyst systems can be reused with the same or different epoxide substrates. Noteworthy, the temperatures and required carbon dioxide pressures are lower than in most other solvent/catalyst systems. — (YU, T.; WEISS*, R. G.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 209-216, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc16027c ; Dep. Chem., Georgetown Univ., Washington, DC 20057, USA; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid



Pyrazole derivatives R 0180

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225129

Sc(OTf)₃-Catalyzed, Solvent-Free Domino Synthesis of Functionalized Pyrazoles under Controlled Microwave Irradiation. — Optimized conditions are developed for the three-component reaction to give highly functionalized pyrazoles for drug development. — (KUMARI, K.; RAGHUVANSHI, D. S.; JOUIKOV, V.; SINGH*, K. N.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1130-1133,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.094 ; Dep. Chem., Fac. Sci., Banaras Hindu Univ., Varanasi 221 005, India; Eng.) — Mais







Pyrazole derivatives R 0180

25-130

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225130 Synthesis of 3-Cyanopyrazoles from 3-Trifluoromethylpyrazoles via Direct Ammonolysis Reaction. — (YAN, T.; CHEN, Y.; WANG, J.; XIE, Y.; YANG*, C.; Heterocycles 85 (2012) 2, 431-439, http://dx.doi.org/10.3987/com-11-12399 ; State Key Lab. Drug Res., Shanghai Inst. Mater. Med., Chin. Acad. Sci., Shanghai 200031,



Imidazole derivatives R 0190

25-131

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225131

Completely N¹-Selective Palladium-Catalyzed Arylation of Unsymmetric Imidazoles: Application to the Synthesis of Nilotinib. — (UEDA, S.; SU, M.; BUCHWALD*, S. L.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 1, 700-706, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja2102373 ; Dep. Chem., MIT, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA; Eng.) — Nuesgen





Imidazole derivatives



25-132

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225132 **Regioselective Synthesis of 1,4-Disubstituted Imidazoles.** — (SCHMIDT*, M. A.; EASTGATE, M. D.; Org. Biomol. Chem. 10 (2012) 5, 1079-1087, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1ob06690k ; Chem. Dev., Bristol-Myers Squibb Co., New Brunswick, NJ 08903, USA; Eng.) — Nuesgen





Imidazole derivatives R 0190

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225133 A Novel Bioglycerol-Based Recyclable Carbon Catalyst for an Efficient One-Pot

Synthesis of Highly Substituted Imidazoles. — The catalyst is prepared by thermolysis of a mixture of glycerol and concentrated sulfuric acid. It is successfully applied to the multicomponent synthesis of a series of tri- and tetrasubstituted imidazole derivatives. — (RAMESH, K.; MURTHY, S. N.; KARNAKAR, K.; NAGESWAR*, Y. V. D.; VIJAYALAKHSHMI, K.; DEVI, B. L. A. P.; PRASAD, R. B. N.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1126-1129, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.092 ; Org. Chem. Div., Indian Inst. Chem.

Technol., Hyderabad 500 607, India; Eng.) — Mais







$$Ar^{2} \xrightarrow[]{} R^{2} \xrightarrow[]{} Ph-CHO (II), A) \xrightarrow[]{} 2 equiv. NH_{4}OAc \xrightarrow[]{} R^{2} \xrightarrow[]{} N \xrightarrow[]{} Ph \xrightarrow[]{} a Ar^{2}: -Ph; R^{2}: -Me = 81\% \\ H \xrightarrow[]{} b Ar^{2}, R^{2}: -Tol = 81\% \\ H \xrightarrow[]{} VIII \qquad VIII$$

Imidazole derivatives R 0190

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225134

Au(I)-Catalyzed Intramolecular Hydroamination of the Fluorinated N'-Aryl--N-propargyl Amidines: Mild Conditions for the Synthesis of 2-Fluoroalkyl Imidazole Derivatives. — The title reaction affords 2-fluoroalkyl 5-methyl imidazoles (III) or, in the presence of NIS, 2-fluoroalkyl imidazole-5-carbaldehydes (V). The method is also suitable for nonfluorinated substrates. — (LI, S.; LI, Z.; YUAN, Y.; PENG, D.; LI, Y.; ZHANG, L.; WU*, Y.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1130-1133, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol3000525 ; State Key Lab. Organofluorine Chem., Shanghai Inst. Org. Chem., Chin. Acad. Sci., Shanghai 200032, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Bartels

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} Ar \\ R \\ -CI \\ 1 \end{array} \xrightarrow{H_2N \frown C_{CH}} (II) \\ AuCI(PPh_3)/AgSbF_6 (1:2) (cat.) \\ MeCN, 60^{\circ}C \\ 1 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Ar} Ar: -CF_3; Ar: -CF_3; Ar: -CF_3; Ar: -CO - 0-Et 68\% \\ d R: -CF_3; Ar: -CF_3; Ar: -CO - 0-Et 68\% \\ d R: -CF_3; Ar: -$$

Benzimidazole derivatives R 0200

25-135

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225135

Synthesis and Bioevaluation of Novel 3,4,5-Trimethoxybenzylbenzimidazole Derivatives that Inhibit Helicobacter pylori-Induced Pathogenesis in Human Gastric Epithelial Cells. — Among the title compounds (VIII) (28 examples) synthesized, compound (VIIIf) is found to be the most potent one in the inhibition of H.pylori growth and pathogenesis of host cells. The compound inhibits H. pylori adhesion and invasion of gastric epithelial cells. — (LAI*, C.-H.; et al.; Eur. J. Med. Chem. 48 (2012) 244-254, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmech.2011.12.021 ; Grad. Inst. Basic Sci., Sch. Med., China Med. Univ., Taichung 40402, Taiwan; Eng.) — H. Toeppel

Heterocyclic Compounds




Oxazole derivatives R 0220

25-136

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225136

Metal-Free, Organocatalytic Cascade Formation of C—N and C—O Bonds Through Dual sp³ C—H Activation: Oxidative Synthesis of Oxazole Derivatives. — (XIE, J.; JIANG, H.; CHENG, Y.; ZHU*, C.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 7, 979-981, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc15813b ; State Key Lab. Coord. Chem., Nanjing Univ., Nanjing 210093, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt



Isoxazole derivatives R 0240

25-137

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225137

Synthesis and Evaluation of Hexahydropyrrolo[3,4-d]isoxazole-4,6-diones and anti-Stress Agents. — Compound (IIIa) exhibits significant anti-stress activity in immobilization induced acute stress in mice. — (BADRU, R.; ANAND, P.; SINGH*, B.; Eur. J. Med. Chem. 48 (2012) 81-91, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmech.2011.11.037 ; Dep. Chem., Punjab Univ., Chandigarh 160 014, India; Eng.) — K. Woydowski





Isoxazole derivatives R 0240

25-138

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225138 **Reaction of N-(Phenyl and Methyl)-C-aryInitrones with DMAD in Ionic Liquid: Efficient Synthesis of** Δ^4 -**Isoxazolines.** — Diastereomeric mixtures of N-phenylisoxazolines (III) and (IV) are formed due to high inversion energy barrier of the nitrogen. Diastereoselectivity is low but can be improved by addition of diethyl L-tartrate to the reaction mixture. — (VALIZADEH*, H.; VESALLY, E.; DINPARAST, L.; J. Heterocycl. Chem. 49 (2012) 1, 106-110, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/jhet.682 ; Dep. Chem., Islamic Azad Univ., Marvdasht, Iran; Eng.) — G. Mueller



Triazole derivatives R 0280

25-139

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225139

Synthesis and Antimicrobial Activity of Pyrrolyl/Pyrazolyl Arylaminosulfonylmethyl 1,3,4-Oxadiazoles, 1,3,4-Thiadiazoles and 1,2,4-Triazoles. — Title compounds such as (VI), (VIII), (IX), (X), (XII) and (XIII) are synthesized starting with cyclocondensation of hydrazide (I) and carboxylic acid (II). The intermediates and products are tested for their antimicrobial activity. Compound (XIc) is the most potent agent. — (PADMAJA*, A.; MURALIKRISHNA, A.; RAJASEKHAR, C.; PADMAVATHI, V.; Chem. Pharm. Bull. 59 (2011) 12, 1509-1517 ; Dep. Chem., Sri Venkateswara Univ., Tirupati 517 502, India; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen







Triazole derivatives R 0280

$$25 - 14$$

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225140



Oxadiazole derivatives R 0290

25-141

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225141

Synthesis and anti-Protozoal Activity of Novel Dihydropyrrolo[3,4-d][1,2,3]triazoles. — An efficient synthetic approach for the synthesis of novel oxadiazolylpyrrolotriazoles (VI) (11 examples) via 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition of organic azides bearing a substituted-phenyl-1,2,4-oxadiazole ring and N-phenylmaleimide is presented. Compounds (VI) are screened for their antiprozoal activity as well as for their general cytotoxicity. The most interesting compound (VIh) displays a strong antiprotozoal activity and no toxic potential even at high concentrations. — (DUERUEST*, Y.; KARAKUS, H.; KAISER, M.; TASDEMIR, D.; Eur. J. Med. Chem. 48 (2012) 296-304, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmech.2011.12.028 ; Dep. Chem., Abant Izzet Baysal Univ., TR-14280 Bolu, Turk.; Eng.) — H. Toeppel



Thiadiazole derivatives R 0300

25-142

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225142

Synthesis and X-Ray Characterization of 2,5,6-Trisubstituted Imidazo[2,1-b][1,3,4]thiadiazole Derivatives (IV). — (DA, Y.-X.; ZHU, J.-H.; ZHANG, Z.; JIA, X.-D.; YANG, C.-X.; QUAN*, Z.-J.; J. Heterocycl. Chem. 49 (2012) 1, 102-105, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/jhet.678 ; Key Lab. Eco-Environ.-Related Polym. Mater., Min. Educ., Lanzhou Univ., Lanzhou, Gansu 730070, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — G. Mueller







Pyran derivatives

R 0340

25-144

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225144

An Efficient One-Pot Synthesis of 1-Amino-3-cyano-4-aryl-10-ethoxycarbonylazuleno[2,1-b]pyrans — [via DABCO-catalyzed three-component condensation of 2-hydroxyazulenecarboxylate (I) with malononitrile and aromatic aldehydes; 14 examples]. — (WANG*, D.-L.; FENG, S.-S.; CUI, Q.-T.; YU, J.-Y.; Heterocycles 85 (2012) 2, 441-448, http://dx.doi.org/10.3987/com-11-12406 ; Coll. Chem. Chem. Eng., Bohai Univ., Jinzhou 121000, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — R. Staver



Benzopyran derivatives R 0350

25-145

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225145

Catalytic Asymmetric Synthesis of Aromatic Spiroketals by SpinPhox/Iridium(I)--Catalyzed Hydrogenation and Spiroketalization of α, α' -Bis(2-hydroxyarylidene) Ketones. — (WANG, X.; HAN, Z.; WANG*, Z.; DING, K.; Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 51 (2012) 4, 936-940, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/anie.201106488 ; State Key Lab. Organomet. Chem., Shanghai Inst. Org. Chem., Chin. Acad. Sci., Shanghai 200032, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Klein





A): 50 atm H₂, (S_a)-I* (cat.), CH₂Cl₂, 25°C, [24 h]







Benzopyran derivatives R 0350

25-146

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225146 **Tandem Reactions Leading to Benzo[c]chromen-6-ones and 3-Substituted Isocoumarins.** — (FAN*, X.; HE, Y.; CUI, L.; GUO, S.; WANG, J.; ZHANG, X.; Eur. J. Org. Chem. 2012, 4, 673-677, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/ejoc.201101559 ; Sch. Chem. Environ. Sci., Henan Norm. Univ., Xinxiang, Henan 453007, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Kieslich





Benzopyran derivatives R 0350

25-147

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225147

N-Heterocyclic Carbene Cascade Catalysis: Dual Broensted/Lewis Base Rearrangement of Cyclopropyl Enol Esters to Dihydropyranones. — The scope and mechanistic studies implicate that the title reaction proceeds via a novel electrocyclic cyclopropane rearrangement followed by an anionic oxy Claisen-rearrangement. — (CANDISH, L.; LUPTON*, D. W.; Chem. Sci. 3 (2012) 2, 380-383, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1sc00666e ; Sch. Chem., Monash Univ., Clayton, Victoria 3800, Australia; Eng.) — Klein



A): 10 mol% IPr (cot.), toluene, 130°C, [sealed tube, 14 h]





Benzopyran derivatives

R 0350

25-148

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225148 Palladium(II)-Catalyzed Enantioselective Synthesis of 2-Vinyl Oxygen Heterocy-

cles. — Catalysts (I) and (II) efficiently promote the enantioselective rearrangement of (E)-alkenylated phenols to 2-vinyl oxygen heterocycles. The reaction of the corresponding (Z)-isomers proceeds with low enantioselectivity. — (CANNON, J. S.; OLSON, A. C.; OVERMAN*, L. E.; SOLOMON, N. S.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 1961-1973, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202553a ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Calif., Irvine, CA 92697, USA; Eng.) — Jannicke





Benzopyran derivatives R 0350

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225149
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25-149

Palladium-Catalyzed Oxidative Heck Coupling Reaction for Direct Synthesis of 4-Arylcoumarins Using Coumarins and Arylboronic Acids. — (LI*, Y.; QI, Z.; WANG, H.; FU, X.; DUAN, C.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 2053-2057, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202577m ; State Key Lab. Fine Chem., Dalian Univ. Technol., Dalian 116024, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Jannicke





Benzopyran derivatives R 0350

25-150

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225150

Simultaneous Synthesis of Both Rings of Chromenes via a Benzannulation/o-Quinone Methide Formation/Electrocyclization Cascade. — The reaction of an α,β -unsaturated Fischer carbene complex of chromium with a propargyl ether bearing an alkenyl group on the propargylic carbon affords the desired chromenes, including chromene (IIIg), which is transformed to vitamin E (IV). By employing an aryl carbene complex, lapachenole (VIa) and 5-methyllapachenole (VIb) are prepared. An alternative approach to lapachenole using trimethylsilyl enyne (VII) gives only the five-membered ring product (VIII). — (MAJUMDAR, N.; KORTHALS, K. A.; WULFF*, W. D.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 2, 1357-1362, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja210655g; Dep. Chem., Mich. State Univ., East Lansing, MI 48824, USA; Eng.) — Klein

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Ths} \\ \text{Ths$$



Benzopyran derivatives R 0350

25-151

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225151 A New Strategy for the One-Pot Synthesis of (Aryloxyimino)ethylcoumarins Promoted by CuCl₂. — (PAL, G.; BHATTACHARYYA, P.; MEDDA, A.; DAS*, A. R.; J. Chem. Res. 36 (2012) 1, 5-8,

http://dx.doi.org/10.3184/174751912x13247245983221 ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Calcutta, Kolkata 700 009, India; Eng.) — C. Cyrus

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 1.5 \text{ equiv. } Ar - B(OH)_2 \text{ (II)} \\ \hline NEt_3, \text{ mol. sieves} \\ CuCl_2 \text{ (cat.), } CH_2Cl_2, 25^{\circ}C \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Me}} B^{\circ} C^{\circ} C^$$



Benzopyran derivatives R 0350

25-152

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225152 Synthesis and Biological Evaluation of New Thiosubstituted Oxadiazole Derivatives of Coumarin under Solvent-Free Conditions. — Compounds (III), (Va) and (Vd) exhibit good antifungal as well as antibacterial activities. — (BOBADE*, V. D.; PATIL, S. V.; GAIKWAD, N. D.; J. Chem. Res. 36 (2012) 1, 25-28, http://dx.doi.org/10.3184/174751912x13256103292351 ; Dep. Chem., HPT Arts RYK Sci. Coll., Nasik 422 005, India; Eng.) — C. Cyrus



Benzopyran derivatives R 0350



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225153 Basic Magnetic Nanoparticles as Efficient Catalysts for the Preparation of Naphthopyran Derivatives. — The amino-coated magnetic nanoparticles can be easily recovered by magnetic decantation and reused four times without significant loss of their catalytic activity. — (YARAHMADI, H.; SHATERIAN*, H. R.; J. Chem. Res. 36 (2012) 1, 49-51, http://dx.doi.org/10.3184/174751912x13264750348839 ; Dep. Chem., Fac. Sci., Sistan & Baluchestan Univ., Zahedan, Iran; Eng.) — C. Cyrus





Xanthene derivatives R 0360



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225154

A Multicomponent, Solvent-Free, One-Pot Synthesis of Benzoxanthenones Catalyzed by HY Zeolite: Their Antimicrobial and Cell Imaging Studies. — A simple and rapid procedure including naphthols (I) and (V) affords a broad spectrum of title compounds. The results concerning their activity are presented. — (RAMA, V.; KANAGARAJ, K.; PITCHUMANI*, K.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1018-1024, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.10.143 ; Sch. Chem., Madurai Kamaraj Univ., Madurai 625 021, Tamil Nadu, India; Eng.) — Mais



Xanthene derivatives R 0360

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225155

A Magnetic Nanoparticle Supported Dual Acidic Ionic Liquid: A "Quasi-homogeneous" Catalyst for the One-Pot Synthesis of Benzoxanthenes. — The three-component condensation of naphthol (I), aldehyde (II), and dimedone (III) is catalyzed by action of a "quasi-homogeneous" catalyst, due to a combination of nano-support features and flexible imidazolium linkers. The active sites of the magnetic nanoparticle supported dual acidic ionic liquid are more free and have good "solubility" in the reaction system to facilitate the condensation. The catalyst can be separated by use of a magnetic force and reused without any significant loss of activity after six runs. — (ZHANG, Q.; SU, H.; LUO*, J.; WEI, Y.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 201-208, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc16031a ; Sch. Chem. Eng., Nanjing Univ. Sci. Technol., Nanjing 210094, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid





Thiopyran derivatives R 0370



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225156 Suzuki—Miyaura Reactions of the Bis(triflates) of 1,3- and 1,4-Dihydroxythioxanthone. Electronic and Steric Effects on the Site-Selectivity. — A convenient and regioselective method for the synthesis of a variety of arylated thioxanthones is pre-

sented. — (ZINAD, D. S.; FEIST, H.; VILLINGER, A.; LANGER*, P.; Tetrahedron 68 (2012) 2, 711-721, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tet.2011.10.095 ; Inst. Chem., Univ. Rostock, D-18059 Rostock, Germany; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt





Pyridine derivatives R 0380

25-157

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225157

Three-Component Coupling Sequence for the Regiospecific Synthesis of Substituted Pyridines. — The de novo synthesis proceeds through the nucleophilic addition of a dithiane anion to an α,β -unsaturated aldehyde or ketone, followed by the Ti-mediated carbometalation of the lithium alkoxides derived from the resulting alcohols (III) with Tms-imines (generated in situ by the low-temperature reaction of LiN(Tms)₂ with an aldehyde), and the Hg(II)- or Ag(I)-mediated ring closure. — (CHEN, M. Z.; MICALIZIO*, G. C.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 2, 1352-1356, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja2105703 ; Dep. Chem., Scripps Res. Inst., Jupiter, FL 33458, USA; Eng.) — Klein





Pyridine derivatives R 0380

25-158

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225158

Synthesis of Polysubstituted Pyridines under Combined Microwave and Ultrasound Irradiation: K₂CO₃-Promoted Tandem Addition/Cyclization/Hydrogen Shift Process. — The multicomponent reaction, efficiently achieved under optimized conditions A), allows an interesting access to pyridine structures of type (IV). — (FENG, H.; LI, Y.; VAN DER EYCKEN, E. V.; PENG, Y.; SONG*, G.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1160-1162, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.103 ; Shanghai Key Lab. Chem. Biol., East China Univ. Sci. Technol., Shanghai 200237, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Mais

$$Ar^{1} \xrightarrow{Ar^{2}} I = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \text{ equiv. } NC CN (II) \\ Me = OH (III), A \\ [-> a] [2 min] \\ [-> b-f] [4-5 min] \end{bmatrix} IV V$$

$$V$$

$$V$$

$$a Ar^{1} = O-Me + Ar^{2} + Ar^$$

A): 1.5 equiv. K₂CO₃, microwaves (100 W), ultrasound (50 W), neat, reflux

Pyridine derivatives R 0380

25-159

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225159

Montmorillonite K-10 Mediated Green Synthesis of Cyano Pyridines: Their Evaluation as Potential Inhibitors of PDE4. — Functionalized cyanopyridines (V) (18 examples) are efficiently obtained in a chemo- and regioselective four-component reaction of β -keto ester, arylaldehyde, malononitrile, and an alcohol using montmorillonite K10 as efficient and reusable catalyst. Some of the cyanopyridines synthesized show PDE4 inhibitory activity in vitro and good interactions with PDE4B protein in silico. — (REDDY, T. R.; REDDY, G. R.; REDDY, L. S.; JAMMULA, S.; LINGAPPA, Y.; KAPAVARAPU, R.; MEDA, C. L. T.; PARSA, K. V. L.; PAL*, M.; Eur. J. Med. Chem. 48 (2012) 265-274, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmech.2011.12.024 ; Inst. Life Sci., Univ. Hyderabad, Hyderabad 500 046, India; Eng.) — H. Toeppel



$$Ar-CHO (II), R-OH (III), \begin{cases} CN \\ CN \\ CN \end{cases} (IV), microwaves (300 W)
montmorillonite K10 (cat.)
I 20°C, [10 min]
I a Ar: -Ph; E: -CO-O-Me; R: -Me 82%
b Ar: -O-Me; E: -CO-O-Et; R: -Et 75%
c Ar: -O-CF_3; E: -CO-O-Me; R: -Me 81%
d Ar: -O-F; E: -CO-O-Me; R: -Me 85%
e Ar: -O-F; E: -CO-O-Et; R: -Me 87%
g Ar: -F = Br; E: -CO-O-Et; R: -Et 75%
h Ar: -O-F; E: -CO-O-Et; R: -Et 90%
Ar-CHO (II), R-OH (III), Content of the second second$$

Quinoline derivatives R 0410

25-160

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225160

Design and Synthesis of Novel Cytotoxic Agents Based on Combined Framework of Quinoline and Nimesulide. — Among a variety of nimesulide-derived Morita— -Baylis—Hillman adducts (III), derivative (IIIc) shows the highest in vitro activity against human prostate cancer cell lines. — (REDDY, L. V.; KETHAVATH, M.; NAKKA, M.; BEEVI, S. S.; MANGAMOORI, L. N.; MUKKANTI, K.; PAL*, S.; J. Heterocycl. Chem. 49 (2012) 1, 80-87, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/jhet.801 ; Dep. Chem., MNR Postgrad. Coll., Kukutpally, Hyderabad 500 072, India; Eng.) — G. Mueller



Quinoline derivatives

25-161

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225161 Pd-Catalyzed Dehydrogenative Cross-Coupling of Polyfluoroarenes with Heteroatom-Substituted Enones. — This reaction provides a rapid access to a wide range of α-fluoroarylated enones, which are of interest in life science. — (CHEN, F.; FENG, Z.; HE, C.-Y.; WANG, H.-Y.; GUO, Y.-L.; ZHANG*, X.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1176-1179, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol300240k ; State Key Lab. Organofluorine Chem., Shanghai Inst. Org. Chem., Chin. Acad. Sci., Shanghai 200032, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Bartels



A): iPr-S-iPr, Ag₂CO₃, Pd(O-Ac)₂ (cat.), dioxane, 140°C







Acridine derivatives R 0430

25-162

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225162 MCM-41-SO₃H as a Nanoreactor for the One-Pot, Solvent-Free Synthesis of 1,8-Dioxo-9-aryl Decahydroacridines. — Cyclocondensation of dimedone (I) with aromatic aldehydes and ammonium acetate proceeds in short reaction times with high yields in the presence of MCM-41-SO₃H catalyst. — (ROSTAMIZADEH*, S.; AMIRAHMADI, A.; SHADJOU, N.; AMANI, A. M.; J. Heterocycl. Chem. 49 (2012) 1, 111-115, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/jhet.692 ; Dep. Chem., K. N. Toosi Univ. Technol., Tehran, Iran; Eng.) — G. Mueller



Fused pyridine derivatives R 0450

25-163

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225163

Palladium(II)/Copper Halide/Solvent Combination for Selective Intramolecular Domino Reactions of Indolecarboxylic Acid Allylamides: An Unprecedented Arylation/Esterification Sequence. — Indolylallylamides (I) and (IX) undergo intramolecular oxidation reactions in the presence of PdCl₂(MeCN)₂ and CuCl₂ to produce functionalized β-carbolinones (II). Using DMF or DMA, esterification and carboesterification result in formation of (IV) and acetates (VI), respectively. Chloro compounds are not observed under these conditions. Pyrazino[1,2-a]indole products (VII) are only formed from 2-indolylallylamides (I) by an unusual aminohalogenation/halogenation sequence. In the absence of the catalyst, chlorination proceeds instead to give (VIII). Formation of β-carbolinones (II) from allylamides (IX) proceeds via spiro intermediates. — (BROGGINI*, G.; BARBERA, V.; BECCALLI, E. M.; BORSINI, E.; GALLI, S.; LANZA, G.; ZECCHI, G.; Adv. Synth. Catal. 354 (2012) 1, 159-170, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201100614 ; Dip. Sci. Chim. Ambientali, Univ. Insubria, I-22100 Como, Italy; Eng.) — S. Adam



A): 3 equiv. CuCl₂, 5 mol% $PdCl_2(MeCN)_2$ (cot.)





DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225164

Synthesis and Antioxidant Evaluation of Some New Pyrazolopyridine Derivatives. — A variety of new fused heterocycles containing pyrazolopyridine systems are synthesized starting from enamine (I). Compounds (I), (III), (V) and (X) show moderate to high antioxidant activity, and compounds (I), (VII), (VIII) (XII) and (XIV) are shown to have the ability to protect DNA from the damage induced by bleomycin. — (GOUDA, M. A.; Arch. Pharm. (Weinheim, Ger.) 345 (2012) 2, 155-162, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/ardp.201100171 ; Fac. Sci., Mansoura Univ., Mansoura 35516, Egypt; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen

 \cap

XII



A): DMF/AcOH (10:1), reflux

Heterocyclic Compounds





Fused pyridine derivatives R 0450

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225165 **Pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinoline Derivatives via 1,3-Dipolar Cycloaddition of Isoquino linium N-Ylides (II).** — (GEORGESCU, E.; DUMITRESCU, D.; GEORGESCU, F.; DRAGHICI, C.; DUMITRASCU*, F.; Rev. Roum. Chim. 56 (2011) 7, 691-695 ; Nenitzescu Cent. Org. Chem., Roum. Acad., RO-060023 Bucharest, Rom.; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225166

25-166

Cu(I)-Catalyzed Synthesis of Imidazo[1,2-a]pyridines from Aminopyridines and Nitroolefins Using Air as the Oxidant. — (YAN*, R.-L.; YAN, H.; MA, C.; REN, Z.-Y.; GAO, X.-A.; HUANG*, G.-S.; LIANG, Y.-M.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 2024-2028, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202447p ; State Key Lab. Appl. Org. Chem., Lanzhou Univ., Lanzhou, Gansu 730000, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Jannicke





25-167

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225167 **A Stereoselective Hydroamination Transform to Access Polysubstituted Indolizidines.** — The indolizines are accessed from simple dieneamines by an intramolecular, diastereo-, regio-, and chemoselective directed hydroboration/oxidative migration strategy. The syntheses of dart frog poison indolizines 207A (Xa) and 223J (Xb) via this method require less steps than previously reported routes. — (PRONIN, S. V.; TABOR, M. G; JANSEN, D. J.; SHENVI*, R. A.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 4, 2012-2015, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja211090n ; Dep. Chem., Scripps Res. Inst., San Diego, La Jolla, CA 92037, USA; Eng.) — Klein



Fused pyridine derivatives R 0450

25-168

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225168 **Microwave-Enhanced Suzuki Coupling: A Diversity-Oriented Approach to the Synthesis of Highly Functionalized 3-Substituted-2-aryl/heteroaryl Imid azo[4,5-b]pyridines.** — A modified approach using (A-^{ta} phos)2PdCl₂ as optimal catalyst allows the synthesis of various title compounds from iodo precursors (I) and (IV) for medicinal studies. — (SAJITH, A. M.; MURALIDHARAN*, A.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1036-1041, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.051 ; Sch. Chem. Sci., Kannur Univ., Kannur 670 327, Kerala, India; Eng.) — Mais



25-169

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225169 Straightforward Palladium-Mediated Synthesis and Biological Evaluation of Benzo[j]phenanthridine-7,12-diones as Antituberculosis Agents. — A variety of benzophenanthridines (VII) (8 examples) is prepared by palladium-catalyzed intramolecular cyclization of bromides (VI). Derivatives (VII) demonstrate antimicrobial activity against Mycobacterium tuberculosis at micromolar to submicromolar concentration. Dione (VIIe) shows the strongest antitubercular activity and lowest cytotoxicity among the compounds tested. — (HUYGEN*, K.; et al.; Eur. J. Med. Chem. 48 (2012) 57-68, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmech.2011.11.033 ; Serv. Immunol., O.D. Commun. Infect. Dis., Sci. Inst. Publ. Health, B-1180 Ukkel, Belg.; Eng.) — R. Staver



Heterocyclic Compounds





Fused pyridine derivatives

R 0450

25-170

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225170

Synthesis of Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridines under Microwave Irradiation in Multi--Component Reactions and Their Antitumor and Antimicrobial Activities. Part 1. — Most synthesized compounds (IV) and (VI) exhibit antimicrobial activity, while compounds (VIa) and (VIc) show significant activity against HEPG2 human liver cancer cell line. — (EL-BORAI, M. A.; RIZK*, H. F.; ABD-AAL, M. F.; EL-DEEB, I. Y.; Eur. J. Med. Chem. 48 (2012) 92-96, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmech.2011.11.038 ; Dep. Chem., Fac. Sci., Tanta Univ., Tanta 31527, Egypt; Eng.) — K. Woydowski



R 0450

25-171

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225171 Synthesis of 6-Aryl-9-(4-hydroxy-3-ethoxyphenyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a][1,8]naphthyridines (IV) under Microwave Irradiation. — (MOGILAIAH*, K.; JAGADEESHWAR, K.; RAO, A. N.; Indian J. Chem., Sect. B: Org. Chem. Incl. Med. Chem. 51 (2012) 2, 398-401 ; Dep. Chem., Kakatiya Univ., Warangal 506 009, India;

Eng.) — H. Toeppel



Pyridine derivatives with bridges

R 0460

25-172

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225172

Substituted Azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptanes via Nitrenium Ion Rearrangement. — N-Chlorination of exo-arylated bicyclic substrates and subsequent AgNO₃-mediated nitrenium ion rearrangement produces endo-arylated products, which represent the skeleton of pharmaceutically important alkaloid systems. Dehalogenation of (VI) via transfer hydrogenation causes overreduction, whereas radical dechlorination affords the expected product (VIII). — (PIOTROWSKI*, D. W.; ROLPH, M.; WEI, L.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1009-1012,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.065 ; Pfizer Global Res. Dev., Groton, CT 06340, USA; Eng.) — Mais



A): aq. NaOCI, Et₂0/tBuOH, -10°C, [up to 3 h] B): AgNO₃, MeCN, 25°C

Heterocyclic Compounds





Pyridazine derivatives R 0500

25-173

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225173 Synthesis of 1H-Indazolo[2,1-b]phthalazine-triones Catalyzed by Proline Triflate under Solvent-Free Conditions. — (SHI, X.; LI, J.; ZHONG, W.; LI*, J.; J. Chem. Res. 36 (2012) 1, 17-20, http://dx.doi.org/10.3184/174751912x13251821462738 ; Key Lab. Pharm. Eng. Minist. Educ., Coll. Pharm. Sci., Zhejiang Univ. Technol., Hangzhou 310014, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Cyrus



Pyrimidine derivatives R 0510

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225174

Synthesis and Biological Activity of Ethyl 2-(Substituted benzylthio)--4-(3'-(ethoxycarbonyl)biphenyl-4-yl)-6-methyl-1,4-dihydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate Derivatives. — Title compounds (VII), synthesized starting from aldehyde (I) via a multicomponent reaction, are found to possess good to excellent antifungal (compared to amphotericin) and antibacterial (compared to ciprofloxacin) activity. — (MADDILA, S.; JONNALAGADDA*, S. B.; Arch. Pharm. (Weinheim, Ger.) 345 (2012) 2, 163-168, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/ardp.201100133 ; Sch. Chem., Univ. KwaZulu-Natal, Durban 4041, S. Afr.; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen



Pyrimidine derivatives R 0510

25-175

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225175

Facile Catalyst-Free Pseudo Five-Component Domino Reactions in the Expedient Synthesis of 5-Aroyl-1,3-diarylhexahydropyrimidines. — The reaction conditions are optimized, especially with respect to the stoichiometric ratio of the reactants. — (MUTHUSARAVANAN, S.; PERUMAL*, S.; ALMANSOUR, A. I.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1144-1148, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.097 ; Dep. Org. Chem., Madurai Kamaraj Univ., Madurai 625 021,Tamil Nadu, India; Eng.) — Mais





Pyrimidine derivatives R 0510

25-176

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225176 **Construction of Dihydropyrimidine Skeleton Using 1,2,4-Trisubstituted-1,3-diaza-1,3-butadienes.** — Cyclization of substrates (I) with activated olefins results in formation of tetrahydropyrimidines together with varying ratios of 1,6-dihydropyrimidines. The elimination of the -NMe₂ group can be promoted by MeI or SiO₂. — (CHO*, H.; NISHIMURA, Y.; YASUI, Y.; YAMAGUCHI, M.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1177-1179, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.111 ; Grad. Sch. Sci., Tohoku Univ., Aoba, Sendai 980, Japan; Eng.) — Mais

V 21%





Pyrimidine derivatives R 0510

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225177

25 - 177

Synthetic Studies on Novel 1,4-Dihydro-2-methylthio-4,4,6-trisubstituted Pyrimidine-5-carboxylic Acid Esters and Their Tautomers. — Title compounds (V) and (VI) are synthesized by Atwal-Biginelli cyclocondensation of oxoesters (III), obtained by the Lehnert procedure for the Knoevenagel-type condensation with S-methylisothiourea salt (IV). — (NISHIMURA*, Y.; OKAMOTO, Y.; IKUNAKA, M.; OHYAMA, Y.; Chem. Pharm. Bull. 59 (2011) 12, 1458-1466 ; Dep. Pharm. Chem., Fac. Pharm., Yasuda Women's Univ., Hiroshima 731, Japan; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen

$$\begin{array}{c} R^{4} \\ R^{3} \xrightarrow{} 0 \\ (II) \\ R^{3} \xrightarrow{} 0 \\ (II) \\ \hline \\ R^{4} \\ (III) \\ \hline \\ R^{4} \\ (IIII) \\ \hline \\ R^$$





25-178

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225178 Oxidative Rearrangement of Spiro Cyclobutane Cyclic Aminals: Efficient Construction of Bicyclic Amidines. — Treatment of spirocyclic cyclobutane aminals like (III) with NBS or NCS allows a new and efficient access to bicyclic amidines and related compounds. The derivative (XI) can be converted into the alkaloid deoxyvasicinone (XII). — (MURAI, K.; KOMATSU, H.; NAGAO, R.; FUJIOKA*, H.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 3, 772-775, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203313n ; Grad. Sch. Pharm. Sci., Osaka Univ., Suita, Osaka 565, Japan; Eng.) — Jannicke



Fused pyrimidine derivatives R 0515

25-179

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225179

One-Pot Synthesis of 2H-Pyrano[2,3-d]pyrimidine Derivatives. — A new synthetic strategy for 2H-pyrano[2,3-d]pyrimidines (III) is described including proposal of a possible reaction mechanism. The by-products (IV) are formed stereoselectively which is in accordance with the suggested mechanism. — (BAYAT, M.; BAYAT*, Y.; ASAYES, S. S.; Monatsh. Chem. 143 (2012) 3, 479-483, http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s00706-011-0602-7 ; Dep. Chem., Fac. Sci., Imam Khomeini Int. Univ., Qazvin, Iran; Eng.) — H. Haber



25-180

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225180 Hydrazonoyl Halides as Precursors for New Fused Heterocycles of 5α -Reductase Inhibitors. — Fused heterocycles (III), (V), and (VII) are synthesized by reaction of thione (I) or its methyl derivative with hydrazonoyl halides of type (II). All products show good 5α -reductase inhibitor activity. — (FARGHALY*, T. A.; GOMHA, S. M.; ABBAS, E. M. H.; ABDALLA, M. M.; Arch. Pharm. (Weinheim, Ger.) 345 (2012) 2, 117-122, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/ardp.201100212 ; Dep. Chem., Fac. Sci., Cairo Univ., Giza 12613, Egypt; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen







DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225181 **Microwave-Promoted Catalyst- and Solvent-Free Aza-Diels**—Alder Reaction of **Aldimines with 6-[2-(Dimethylamino)vinyl]-1,3-dimethyluracil.** — The title reaction allows an efficient access to pyridopyrimidines of type (III) and (IV). Starting from amino uracil derivatives like (V), pyrimidopyrimidines are available. — (SARMA, R.; SARMAH, M. M.; PRAJAPATI*, D.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 2018-2023, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202346w ; Med. Chem. Div., North-East Inst. Sci. Technol., Jorhat 785 006, India; Eng.) — Jannicke

$$Me \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{Ar-CHO} (II) \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{Ar-CHO} (II) \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{Ar-CHO} (II) \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} Me \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{Ar} R^{2} \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} 90\% \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} 90\% \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} 90\% \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} R^{2} \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} R^{2} \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} R^{2} \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} R^{2} \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} R^{2} \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} R^{2} \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} \xrightarrow{R^{2} - Me} R^{2} \xrightarrow{R^{2} -$$

VI

e Ar:
$$\mathcal{A}_{O}$$
; R¹, R²:-Me 80%

V
Pyrazine derivatives R 0550

25-182

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225182 New Lithium-Zincate Approaches for the Selective Functionalization of Pyrazine: Direct Dideprotozincation vs. Nucleophilic Alkylation. — Two new bimetallic approaches for the selective 2,5-dideprotonation and chemoselective room temperature C-H alkylation of pyrazine are presented. — (BAILLIE, S. E.; BLAIR, V. L.; BLAKEMORE, D. C.; HAY, D.; KENNEDY, A. R.; PRYDE, D. C.; HEVIA*, E.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 14, 1985-1987, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc16959b ; WestCHEM Dep. Pure Appl. Chem., Univ. Strathclyde, Glasgow G1 1XL, UK; Eng.) — D. Singer



Pyrazine derivatives R 0550

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225183

25-183

AlCl₃-Induced C-Arylation/Cyclization in a Single Pot: A New Route to Benzofuran-Fused N-Heterocycles of Pharmacological Interest. — The AlCl₃-mediated cyclocondensation of 2,3-dichloropyrazine derivatives with 2-naphthol or resorcinol monoalkyl ethers offers a direct synthesis of various polycyclic bis-fused furan derivatives. Debenzylation takes place in the case of substrate (IV). Some of the products are tested for their PDE4B inhibitory potential with Rolipram as the reference compound and the tetracycle (VII) is found to be the most efficient one. — (KUMAR, K. S.; ADEPU, R.; KAPAVARAPU, R.; RAMBABU, D.; KRISHNA, G. R.; REDDY, C. M.; PRIYA, K. K.; PARSA, K. V. L.; PAL*, M.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1134-1138, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.096 ; Inst. Life Sci., Univ. Hyderabad, Hyderabad 500 046, India; Eng.) — Mais





Pyrazine derivatives R 0550

25-184

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225184

Preparation of a Series of Novel Bichalcones Linked with a 1,4-Dimethylenepiperazine Moiety and Examination of Their Cytotoxicity. — Among the new bichalcones synthesized (15 examples), derivatives (Ia) and (Id) display significant cytotoxicity against 25 human tumor cell lines. — (REDDY, M. V. B.; CHEN, S.-S.; LIN, M.-L.; CHAN, H.-H.; KUO, P.-C.; WU*, T.-S.; Chem. Pharm. Bull. 59 (2011) 12, 1549-1554 ; Dep. Chem., Natl. Cheng Kung Univ., Tainan 70101, Taiwan; Eng.) — C. Cyrus



Pyrazine derivatives R 0550

25-185

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225185 A Facile Synthesis of 6-Substituted 7-Arylthieno[2,3-b]pyrazines from 2-Chloropyrazine. — A three-step one-pot procedure is elaborated for the conversion of ketones (III) and (VIII) into corresponding thienopyrazines (V) and (IX). The synthesis of derivative (X) is accompanied by formation of monosubstituted thienopyrazine (XI). — (KOBAYASHI*, K.; SUZUKI, T.; Heterocycles 85 (2012) 2, 403-411, http://dx.doi.org/10.3987/com-11-12407 ; Dep. Chem. Biotechnol., Grad. Sch. Eng., Tottori Univ., Koyama, Tottori 680, Japan; Eng.) - R. Staver







Oxazine derivatives R 0595

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225186

Synthesis of Benzoxazines, Quinazolines and 4H-Benzo[e][1,3]thiazine by ANRORC Rearrangements of 1,2,4-Oxadiazoles. — 1,2,4-Oxadiazoles bearing an aryl group with a nucleophilic substituent at the ortho-position react with BuLi via addition reaction, ring opening, and ring closing to give the title heterocycles in moderate yields. — (DRAGHICI, B.; EL-GENDY, B. E.-D. M.; KATRITZKY*, A. R.; Synthesis 2012, 4, 547-550, http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0031-1289673 ; Cent. Heterocycl. Compd., Univ. Fla., Gainesville, FL 32611, USA; Eng.) — Mais



A): iPr₂N-Et, DMF, reflux, [6 h]

B): hexanes, THF, −78 -> +25°C



Thiazine derivatives R 0610

25-187

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225187 **Preparation of New Nitrogen-Bridged Heterocycles. Part 75. Novel Rearrangements of a 8aH-Pyrido[1,2-d]thieno[2',3'-b][1,4]thiazepine Derivative.** — The reaction of thiolate (I) with alkyne (II) in THF gives rise to tetracyclic derivative (III), whilst the reaction in chloroform leads to pyrrolothienothiazocine (IV). The thienothiazocine suffers thermal rearrangements to (thiazinopyrrolylidene)succinates. — (KAKEHI*, A.; ITOH, K.; SUGA, H.; OHKUBO, Y.; KOBAYASHI, A.; NISHI, T.; Heterocycles 85 (2012) 2, 305-312, http://dx.doi.org/10.3987/com-11-12398 ; Dep. Chem. Mater. Eng., Fac. Eng., Shinshu Univ., Wakasato, Nagano 380, Japan; Eng.) — R. Staver



Triazine derivatives

R 0655

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225188

Synthesis and Biological Activity of Dihydroimidazole and 3,4-Dihydrobenzo[4,5]imidazo[1,2-a][1,3,5]triazines. — A variety of new dihydroimidazole and benzoimidazotriazine derivatives is synthesized by acid-catalyzed reaction of 2-guanidinobenzimidazole (I) with active halogenated methylene compounds or ketones, respectively. Most of these compounds show high antibacterial activities. — (SOLIMAN*, A. M.; MOHAMED, S. K.; EL REMAILY, M. A. A.; ABDEL-GHANY, H.; Eur. J. Med. Chem. 47 (2012) 138-142, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmech.2011.10.034 ; Dep. Chem., Fac. Sci., Sohag Univ., Sohag 82524, Egypt; Eng.) — D. Singer





Multi-membered N-heterocycles R 0690

25-189

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225189

Synthesis of 6-Substituted 6-Nitroperhydro-1,4-diazepines via Novel Tandem Retro-Henry and Mannich/Michael Reactions. — Reduction of the nitro group allows formation of the corresponding amino derivatives. — (MARTINELLI, J.; GUGLIOTTA, G.; TEI*, L.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 3, 716-719, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203101s ; Dip. Sci. Innovazione Tecnol., Univ. Piemonte Orientale "Amedeo Avogadro", I-15100 Alessandria, Italy; Eng.) — Jannicke



Multi-membered N-heterocycles R 0690



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225190

Novel Access to 1,4-Benzodiazepin-2-ones via the Buchwald Reaction and Application to the Synthesis of Novel Heterocyclics. — A two-step sequence is presented for the synthesis of biologically interesting title compounds via Buchwald reaction of benzophenone or benzoyl azine derivatives with amides followed by cyclocondensation. For substrate (IX), the diazepin-2-one ring is formed spontaneously during the Buchwald reaction. — (SALOME*, C.; SCHMITT, M.; BOURGUIGNON, J.-J.; Tetrahedron Lett. 53 (2012) 9, 1033-1035,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.12.045 ; Lab. Innovation Ther., Fac. Pharm., F-67401 Illkirch, Fr.; Eng.) — Mais



A): Cs₂CO₃, Pd(O-Ac)₂/Xantphas (1:1) (cat.), dioxane, 100°C, [16 h]



Multi-membered N-heterocycles R 0690

25-191

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225191 One-Pot Synthesis of Macrocyclic Di- and Tetralactones Using [2 + 2] Photocycloaddition Reactions of Di-2-pyrones with α,ω-Diolefins — [5 examples]. — (ZHANG, H. M.; KAWABATA, K.; MIYAUCHI, H.; SHIMO*, T.; Heterocycles 85 (2012) 2, 333-343, http://dx.doi.org/10.3987/com-11-12378 ; Dep. Chem., Biotechnol. Chem. Eng., Kagoshima Univ., Korimoto, Kagoshima 890, Japan; Eng.) — R. Staver



Organoelement Compounds

Organo-boron compounds

S 0040

25-192

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225192 Rhodium(I)-Catalyzed Borylation of Nitriles Through the Cleavage of Carbon--Cyano Bonds. — (TOBISU*, M.; KINUTA, H.; KIA, Y.; REMOND, E.; CHATANI, N.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 1, 115-118, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja2095975; Dep. Appl. Chem., Fac. Eng., Osaka Univ., Suita, Osaka 565, Japan; Eng.) -Nuesgen







Organo-boron compounds S 0040

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225193 Pd-Catalyzed Oxidative ortho-C—H Borylation of Arenes. — (DAI, H.-X.; YU*, J.-Q.; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 134 (2012) 1, 134-137, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja2097095; Dep. Chem., Scripps Res. Inst., San Diego, La Jolla, CA 92037, USA; Eng.) -Nuesgen







Organo-silicon compounds S 0060

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225194



Domino Alkene-Isomerization—Claisen Rearrangement Strategy to Substituted AllyIsilanes. — (MCLAUGHLIN, M. G.; COOK*, M. J.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 2058-2063, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202560g ; Sch. Chem. Chem. Eng., Queen's Univ., Belfast BT9 5AG, UK; Eng.) — Jannicke



A): $Ir_2Cl_2(cyclooctene)_4/PCy_3/NaBPh_4(1:6:2)$ (cat.), PhCI/acetone (20:1), 25°C B): PPh₃ (cat.), PhCI/acetone (20:1)



Organo-silicon compounds

25-195

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225195 **Highly Enantioselective Synthesis of Silahelicenes Using Ir-Catalyzed [2 + 2 + 2] Cycloaddition.** — The first synthesis of silahelicenes (IV), which have helical chirality including silole moieties, is reported. Intermolecular Ir-catalyzed enantioselective [2 + 2 + 2] cycloaddition and subsequent Ni-mediated intramolecular stereospecific [2 + 2 + 2] cycloaddition provide highly enantioenriched title compounds (IV). — (SHIBATA*, T.; UCHIYAMA, T.; YOSHINAMI, Y.; TAKAYASU, S.; TSUCHIKAMA, K.; ENDO, K.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 9, 1311-1313, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1cc16762f ; Dep. Chem. Biochem., Sch. Adv. Sci. Eng., Waseda Univ., Shinjuku, Tokyo 169-8555, Japan; Eng.) — M. Paetzel



Organo-silicon compounds S 0060



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225196

Shuffle off the Classic β -Si Elimination by Ni-NHC Cooperation: Implication for C—C Forming Reactions Involving Ni-Alkyl- β -silanes — Via cooperation of an NHC, Si substituents and metal center, β -Si elimination is attenuated revealing a new way to attain a high amount of Ni- β -SiR₃. The scope of this transformation is illustrated by a head-to-tail vinylsilane- α -olefin hydroalkenylation. — (HO*, C.-Y.; HE, L.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 10, 1481-1483, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1cc14593b ; Dep. Chem., Chin. Univ. Hong Kong, Hong Kong, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — M. Paetzel

Organoelement Compounds





Organo-silicon compounds S 0060

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225197

[1,5]-Anion Relay/[2,3]-Wittig Rearrangement of 3,3-Bis(silyl) Allyl Enol Ethers: Synthesis of Useful Vinyl Bis(silane) Species. — A new strategy to trisubstituted vinylsilanes is developed: the vinyl bissilanes can be transformed into trisubstituted vinylsilanes through a [1,4]-Brook rearrangement/alkylation protocol using different electrophiles. — (SUN, X.; LEI, J.; SUN, C.; SONG*, Z.; YAN, L.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 1094-1097, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol300004b ; Dep. Med. Chem., West China Univ. Med. Sci., Chengdu, Sichuan 610041, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Bartels

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Tes} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{Tes} & \text{O} & \text{R}^1 \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{A}} & \text{Tes} & \text{Tes} & \text{R}^1 \\ \text{Tes} & \text{OH} & \text{CH}_2 \end{array} \qquad \text{IIa} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{R}^2 & \text{O}^{-\text{Tos}} & (\text{III}) \\ \text{B} & \text{R}^2 & \text{OH}_2 \\ \text{B} & \text{R}^2 & \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{B} & \text{R}^2 & \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2 & \text{CH}_2 \\$$

A): 3 equiv. tBu-OLi, 3 equiv. HMPA, THF, -78°C

B): tBu-OLi, CuCN, DMF/THF (5:3), 25°C



Organo-phosphorus compounds S 0080

25-198

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225198 (E)-Dimethyl 2-Oxopent-3-enylphosphonate: An Excellent Substrate for Cross--Metathesis — Easy Access to Functionalized Heterocycles. — (COCHET, T.; ROCHE, D.; BELLOSTA*, V.; COSSY, J.; Eur. J. Org. Chem. 2012, 4, 801-809, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/ejoc.201101398 ; Lab. Chim. Org., CNRS, Ec. Super. Phys. Chim. Ind., F-75231 Paris, Fr.; Eng.) — Kieslich

Organoelement Compounds





Organo-phosphorus compounds S 0080

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225199

Simple Unprecedented Conversion of Phosphine Oxides and Sulfides to Phosphine Boranes Using Sodium Borohydride. — The advantages over other common reduction methods are the milder reaction conditions, the easier to handle reagents and the significantly expanded substrate scope. — (RAJENDRAN, K. V.; GILHEANY*, D. G.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 6, 817-819,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1cc14856g ; Cent. Synth. Chem. Biol., Univ. Coll., Dublin 4, Ire.; Eng.) — C. Gebhardt



Organoelement Compounds



Organo-phosphorus compounds S 0080

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225200

Elaborating on Efficient Antiproliferation Agents of Cancer Cells and Antiinflammatory-Based N-Bisphosphonic Acids. — Quinoline based bisphosphonates [(III), (VI), (IX), and (XII)] and corresponding phosphonic acids [(IV), (VII), (X), and (XIII)] are synthesized via Michael addition and hydrolysis. The products show remarkable antitumor activity against breast and prostate cancer and a moderate effect on ovarian cancer and melanoma. Only compounds (IV) and (X) show sensitivity against leukemia, brain and lung cancer cells. Moreover, many of them show marked antiinflammatory activity. — (ABDOU*, W. M.; KHIDRE, R. E.; KAMEL, A. A.; Arch. Pharm. (Weinheim, Ger.) 345 (2012) 2, 123-136, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/ardp.201100080 ; Chem. Ind. Div., Natl. Res. Cent., Dokki, Cairo 12622, Egypt; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen



IX 75%

VIII

X 83%



Organo-phosphorus compounds S 0080

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225201

Enantioselective Synthesis of Quaternary α -Aminophosphonates via Conjugate Addition of α -Nitrophosphonates to Enones. — The reaction proceeds in the presence of a new alkaloid-derived thiourea catalyst. The scope of enones and nitrophosphonates investigated suggests that electron-rich aryl vinyl ketones (I) are excellent substrates. Selected transformations of the quaternary aminophosphonates are also reported. — (BERA, K.; NAMBOOTHIRI*, I. N. N.; Org. Lett. 14 (2012) 4, 980-983, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ol203132h ; Dep. Chem., Indian Inst. Technol., Mumbai 400 076, India; Eng.) — Bartels





 $(-)-IIIa \xrightarrow{\text{MCPBA, TFA}}_{\text{CH}_{2}\text{Cl}_{2}, 25^{\circ}\text{C}, [18 h]} \xrightarrow{\text{Tol}}_{\substack{\text{Me} \text{NO}_{2}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Dep}}_{\substack{\text{Me} \text{NO}_{2}}} \xrightarrow{\text{NaBH}_{4}, \text{NiCl}_{2} \cdot 6H_{2}\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{Me} \text{OH}, 25^{\circ}\text{C}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Dep}}_{\substack{\text{Me} \text{OH}, 25^{\circ}\text{C}}} \xrightarrow{\text{NaBH}_{4}, \text{NiCl}_{2} \cdot 6H_{2}\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{Me} \text{OH}, 25^{\circ}\text{C}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Dep}}_{\substack{\text{Me} \text{OH}, 25^{\circ}\text{C}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{Me}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Me}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Me}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Me}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Me}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Me}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Me}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{O} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{H} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{O} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{O} \text{O}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{\text{O} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}_{\substack{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O}}} \xrightarrow{\text{O}} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} }} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} }} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} }} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} }} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} }} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} }} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{O} \xrightarrow{$





Organo-selenium compounds

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225202

Synthesis of Enantiomerically Pure anti-1,2-Diaryl and syn-1, 2-Alkylaryl vic-Selenoamines. — Treatment of selenide (I) with the sulfinylarylimines (II) allows highly stereoselective formation of anti-1,2-diaryl selenoamines. The reaction with aliphatic (S)-sulfinylimines provides the corresponding syn-adducts, with exception of the bulky tBu derivative (VI) which yields the anti-isomer (VII). — (GARCIA RUANO*, J. L.; TORRENTE, E.; ALONSO, I.; RODRIGUEZ, M.; MARTIN-CASTRO, A. M.; DEGL'INNOCENTI, A.; FRATESCHI, L.; CAPPERUCCI, A.; J. Org. Chem. 77 (2012) 4, 1974-1982, http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jo202611v ; Dep. Quim. Org., Univ. Auton., Cantoblanco, E-28049 Madrid, Spain; Eng.) — Jannicke



Natural Products



Organo-nickel compounds S 7300

25-203

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225203 An Efficient Synthetic Approach to Novel Nickel(II) 2-Benzazolo-5,10,15,20-tetraphenylporphyrins. — (SHARMA, S.; NATH*, M.; J. Heterocycl. Chem. 49 (2012) 1, 88-92, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/jhet.664 ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi 110 007, India; Eng.) — G. Mueller



Natural Products

Terpenes
U 0200DOI: 10.1002/chin.20122520425-204Two New Terpenoids from Endophytic Fungus Periconia sp. F-31. — The two
new terpenoids, (+)-periconone A (I) and (-)-2-caren-4,8-olide (II), display low antitu-
mor activities against six human tumor cell lines. — (GE, H.-L.; ZHANG, D.-W.; LI,
L.; XIE, D.; ZOU, J.-H.; SI, Y.-K.; DAI*, J.; Chem. Pharm. Bull. 59 (2011) 12,

1541-1544 ; Inst. Materia Med., Chin. Acad. Med. Sci., Beijing 100050, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Cyrus







Steroids U 0300

25-205

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225205

Facile Synthesis of Steroidal Complex (VI) Having Three Heterocyclic Moieties. — (SHAMSUZZAMAN*; SIDDIQUI, T.; ALAM, M. G.; Indian J. Chem., Sect. B: Org. Chem. Incl. Med. Chem. 51 (2012) 2, 370-373 ; Dep. Chem., Aligarh Muslim Univ., Aligarh 202 002, India; Eng.) — H. Toeppel





Peptides U 0400

25-206

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225206

Convenient Peptide Synthesis Without Protection of C-Terminals. — A convenient protocol for the condensation of carboxylic acids with unprotected α-amino acids via activation by ethyl chloroformate and triethylamine is presented. — (NOGUCHI, T.; TEHARA, N.; UESUGI, Y.; JUNG, S.; IMAI*, N.; Chem. Lett. 41 (2012) 1, 42-43, http://dx.doi.org/10.1246/cl.2012.42 ; Fac. Pharm., Chiba Inst. Sci., Choshi, Chiba 288, Japan; Eng.) — D. Singer

Natural Products

$$\begin{array}{c} 1. \text{ A} \\ R^{2}-\text{NH} \end{array} \xrightarrow{1. \text{ A}} \\ 1. \text{ A} \\ 2. 1.5 \text{ equiv. (II*a-e), B} \end{array} \xrightarrow{I} \\ V^{*} \\ IV^{*} \\ IV^{*} \\ IV^{*} \\ IV^{*} \\ V^{*} \\ R^{2}-\text{NH} \\ V^{*} \\ R^{2}-\text{NH} \\ V^{*} \\ V^{*} \\ R^{2}-\text{NH} \\ V^{*} \\ R^{2}-\text{COD} \\ R^{1}: -(\text{CH}_{2})_{2}-\text{COOH}; \\ R^{2}: -\text{Cbz} \\ R^{2}:$$

Amino acids U 0400

25-207

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225207

Tumonoic Acids K and L, Novel Metabolites from the Marine-Derived Fungus Penicillium citrinum — [isolation, structure and cytotoxicity of new ester (II) and epimeric tumonoic acids (I) as well as nine known compounds]. — (CHEN*, L.; HUANG, K.; ZHONG, P.; HU, X.; FANG, Z.-X.; WU, J.-L.; ZHANG, Q.-Q.; Heterocycles 85 (2012) 2, 413-419, http://dx.doi.org/10.3987/com-11-12380 ; Coll. Chem. Chem. Eng., Fuzhou Univ., Fuzhou 350002, Fujian, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — R. Staver



Me CO-O-Me HO Me Me OH O II

Carbohydrates U 0500

25 20

25-208

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225208 Larrealignans A and B, Novel Lignan Glycosides from the Aerial Parts of Larrea tridentata. — Title compounds (I) are found to show no cytotoxic activity. However, their aglycones show moderate cytotoxicity against human leukemia cells. — (YOKOSUKA*, A.; MATSUO, Y.; JITSUNO, M.; ADACHI, K.; MIMAKI, Y.; Chem. Pharm. Bull. 59 (2011) 12, 1467-1470 ; Dep. Med. Pharmacogn., Sch. Pharm., Tokyo Univ. Pharm. Life Sci., Hachioji, Tokyo 192-03, Japan; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen

Natural Products





Alkaloids U 0600



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225209 **Two New Alkaloids from Crinum asiaticum var. sinicum.** — [isolation and structure determination of two new alkaloids, seco-isopowellaminone (I), and crinamine N-oxide (II)]. — (KOGURE, N.; KATSUTA, N.; KITAJIMA, M.; TAKAYAMA*, H.; Chem. Pharm. Bull. 59 (2011) 12, 1545-1548 ; Fac. Pharm. Sci., Chiba Univ., Yayoi, Chiba 260, Japan; Eng.) — C. Cyrus



Alkaloids

U 0600

25-210

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225210 A New Lycopodine Alkaloid from Huperzia serrata — [isolation and structure elucidation of 6α,11α-dihydroxylycopodine (I)]. — (SHAN, W.-G.; REN, F.-Y.; YING, Y.-M.; TONG, C.-P.; ZHAN*, Z.-J.; J. Chem. Res. 36 (2012) 1, 15-16, http://dx.doi.org/10.3184/174751912x13249872110014 ; Coll. Pharm. Sci., Zhejiang Univ. Technol., Hangzhou 310014, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Cyrus



Al	kaloids
U	0600

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25-211
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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225211 First Total Synthesis of Two New Amide Alkaloids (I) from Piper boehmeriaefolium. — (SHAN*, S.-J.; ZHANG, H.; WANG, X.-D.; J. Chem. Res. 36 (2012) 1, 56-57, http://dx.doi.org/10.3184/174751912x13263881939640 ; Sch. Pharm. Chem. Eng., Guangdong Pharm. Univ., Zhongshan 528458, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Cyrus



Nucleic acids U 0700

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225212 Highly Effective Synthesis of C-5-Substituted 2'-Deoxyuridine Using Suzuki—Miyaura Cross-Coupling in Water. — Target compounds bearing various aryl groups at the 5-position are prepared under very low catalyst loadings. — (SARTORI, G.; ENDERLIN, G.; HERVE, G.; LEN*, C.; Synthesis 2012, 5, 767-772, http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0031-1289709 ; ESCOM-UTC, Cent. Rech. R., F-60205 Compiegne, Fr.; Eng.) — Mais



Lipids U 0750

25-213

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225213

Clickosomes — Using Triazole-Linked Phospholipid Connectors to Fuse Vesicles. — Two complementary artificial diether phospholipids are synthesized and subjected to the Huisgen-Sharpless click reaction. The resulting lipid (I) can bridge the membranes of large unilamellar vesicles and cause their aggregation and ultimately their fusion. — (LOOSLI, F.; DOVAL, D. A.; GRASSI, D.; ZAFFALON, P.-L.; FAVARGER, F.; ZUMBUEHL*, A.; Chem. Commun. (Cambridge) 48 (2012) 10, 1604-1606, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2cc16827h ; Dep. Org. Chem., Univ. Geneva, CH-1211 Geneva 4, Switz.; Eng.) — M. Paetzel





Lipids U 0750

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225214 **Discovery of Artemisinin-Glycolipid Hybrids as anti-Oral Cancer Agents.** — Title compounds such as (I) and (II) show exceptional anticancer activity, particularly against oral carcinoma cancer cell lines. — (RICCI, J.; KIM, M.; CHUNG, W.-Y.; PARK, K.-K.; JUNG*, M.; Chem. Pharm. Bull. 59 (2011) 12, 1471-1475 ; Dep. Chem., Yonsei Univ., Seoul 120-749, S. Korea; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen



Other natural products U 0800

25-215

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225215 **Polyphenols from Sophora yunnanensis, and Their Inhibitory Effects on Nitric Oxide Production.** — Sophorayunnanol (I) is isolated from the roots of Sophora yunnanensis along with eight known polyphenols. — (DAIKONYA, A.; KITANAKA*, S.; Chem. Pharm. Bull. 59 (2011) 12, 1567-1569 ; Sch. Pharm., Nihon Univ., Funabashi, Chiba 274, Japan; Eng.) — H. Toeppel



Pheromones



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225216

Exo- and Endohormones. Part 24. A Convenient Synthesis of (Z)-11-Tetradecen-1-yl Acetate, Component of Lepidoptera Insect Sex Pheromone. — Title compound (V) is synthesized starting from diol (I) using the lithiation and subsequent alkylation of di(t-butoxy-dodecyne)mercury (II) as the key step. — (GANSCA*, L.; ANDREICA, A.; CIOTLAUS, I.; MAXIM, S.; OPREAN, I.; Rev. Roum. Chim. 56 (2011) 7, 705-709 ; "Raluca Ripan" Inst. Res. Chem., Babes-Bolyai Univ., RO-400294 Cluj-Napoca, Rom.; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen





Other bioactive products U 1300

25-217

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225217

The First Total Synthesis of Gravicycle. — An efficient assembly of highly functionalized biaryl ethers (III) via Cu-catalyzed O-arylation of suitably protected pyrogallol derivatives (I) using triarylbismuth (V) diacetate is developed and applied to the total synthesis of gravicycle (VI). — (UEDA, K.; SATO*, I.; HIRAMA, M.; Chem. Lett. 41 (2012) 1, 87-89, http://dx.doi.org/10.1246/cl.2012.87 ; Res. Anal. Cent. Giant Mol., Grad. Sch. Sci., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, Miyagi 980, Japan; Eng.) — D. Singer







Other bioactive products U 1300

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225218

The Use of Environmental Metrics to Evaluate Green Chemistry Improvements to the Synthesis of (S,S)-Reboxetine Succinate. — The initial route to reboxetine (V), isolated as succinate, is based on a classical resolution approach generating high levels of waste. Replacing this route by an enantiospecific approach involve Sharpless epoxidation of cinnamyl alcohol to generate chiral diol (I), an enzymatic step to selectively protect the primary alcohol group, and a new method of chiral morpholine construction as the key steps. These improvements generate more than 90% less waste than the original Pharmacia process, with an almost five-fold increase in overall yield. — (HARRIS*, L. J.; et al.; Green Chem. 14 (2012) 1, 123-129,

http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1gc15921f ; Sandwich Lab., Pfizer Global Res. Dev., Sandwich, Kent CT13 9NJ, UK; Eng.) — H. Hoennerscheid



Other bioactive products U 1300

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225219

Constituents of Lagochilus leiacanthus (Labiatae). — Two new flavones (Ia), (Ib), their 2'-O-β-D-glucosides and 15-demethoxyscupolin (II) are isolated from the whole title herb. Flavones (Ia) and (Ib) show inhibitory activity on the release of β-hexosa-minidase. — (FURUKAWA, M.; SUZUKI, H.; MAKINO, M.; OGAWA, S.; IIDA*, T.; FUJIMOTO, Y.; Chem. Pharm. Bull. 59 (2011) 12, 1535-1540 ; Dep. Chem., Coll. Human. Sci., Nihon Univ., Setagaya, Tokyo 156, Japan; Eng.) — R. Langenstrassen



Other bioactive products

U 1300



Palmaenones A and B, Two New Antimicrobial Chlorinated Cyclopentenones from Discomycete Lachnum palmae — [isolation and structure elucidation]. — (MATSUMOTO, T.; HOSOYA, T.; TOMODA, H.; SHIRO, M.; SHIGEMORI*, H.; Chem. Pharm. Bull. 59 (2011) 12, 1559-1561 ; Grad. Sch. Life Environ. Sci., Univ. Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305, Japan; Eng.) — H. Toeppel



Other bioactive products U 1300

25-221

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225221

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225220

A New Flavone from the Melicope patulinervia (Merr. & Chun) Huang. — A new flavone (I) is isolated together with three known flavones. Compound (I) shows high activities against Fusarium graminearum Schw, Exerohilum turcicum and, especially, Botrytis cinerea Pers. — (LIU, T.; LIAO, H.; YUAN*, K.; ZHANG, Y.; J. Chem. Res. 36 (2012) 1, 31-33,

http://dx.doi.org/10.3184/174751912x13252506428852 ; State Key Lab. Subtrop. Silvicult., Zhejiang Agric. Forest. Univ., Lin'an 311300, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — C. Cyrus



Natural Products



Other bioactive products U 1300

25-222

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225222 Asymmetric Synthesis of (-)-Muricatacin's Analogue (4S,5R)-5-Hydroxy-4-octadecanolide (XI) Exhibiting the Cytotoxicity Against Esphageal Cancer Cells. — (TSAI*, Y.-F.; HUANG, C.-C.; LIN, S.-H.; SU, P.-M.; CHEN, Y.-J.; WU, T.-Y.; Heterocycles 85 (2012) 2, 299-304, http://dx.doi.org/10.3987/com-11-12397 ; Dep. Chem., Chung Yuan Christian Univ., Chungli 320, Taiwan; Eng.) — R. Staver



Other bioactive products

U 1300

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225223

25-223 Hydrolysable Tannins Isolated from Syzygium aromaticum: Structure of a New C-Glucosidic Ellagitannin and Spectral Features of Tannins with a Tergalloyl Group — [isolation and structure elucidation of novel tannin, aromatinin A (I)]. — (BAO, L.-M.; EERDUNBAYAER; NOZAKI, A.; TAKAHASHI, E.; OKAMOTO, K.; ITO, H.; HATANO*, T.; Heterocycles 85 (2012) 2, 365-381, http://dx.doi.org/10.3987/com-11-12392 ; Dep. Nat. Prod. Chem., Okayama Univ., Okayama 700, Japan; Eng.) — R. Staver



Other bioactive products

U 1300

25-224

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225224 **Potent Antioxidant and Lipoxygenase Inhibitory Flavanone and Chalcone from Erythrina mildbraedii Harms (Fabaceae) of Cameroon.** — The new flavanone, mildbone (I), and the new chalcone, mildbenone (II), show significant antioxidant and moderate lipoxygenase inhibitory activities. — (ALI*, M. S.; ALI, M. I.; AHMED, G.; AFZA, N.; LATEEF, M.; IQBAL, L.; WAFFO, A. F. K.; AHMED, Z.; Z. Naturforsch., B: Chem. Sci. 67 (2012) 1, 98-102 ; H. E. J. Res. Inst. Chem., Univ. Karachi, Karachi 75270, Pak.; Eng.) — H. Toeppel



Other Subjects

Nanotechnology

V 1505

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225225

Morphology Controlled Synthesis of LiV₂O₅/Ag Nanocomposite Nanotubes with Enhanced Electrochemical Performance. — Uniformly embedded Ag nanoparticles in orthorhombic nanotubes of LiV₂O₅ are hydrothermally synthesized from aqueous mixtures of LiNO₃, AgNO₃, NH₄VO₃, and HNO₃ (autoclave, 80 °C, 24 h). The samples are characterized by XRD, HRTEM, FESEM, and electrochemical measurements. The composite nanotubes exhibit an excellent morphology with good crystallinity, and may act as exceptional contender for supercapacitors in electronic applications. — (DIGGIKAR, R. S.; DHAVALE, V. M.; SHINDE, D. B.; KANBARGI, N. S.; KULKARNI, M. V.; KALE*, B. B.; RSC Adv. 2 (2012) 8, 3231-3233, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c2ra01289h ; Div. Phys. Chem., Natl. Chem. Lab., Pune 411 008, India; Eng.) — W. Pewestorf



Reviews

Inorganic chemistry

Z 0100	DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225226
25 226	Photocatalytic Reduction of CO ₂ with H ₂ O on Various Titanium Oxide Photo-
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Inorganic chemistry Z 0100

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Inorganic chemistry

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Coordination chemistry Z 0150

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Coordination chemistry

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Organic chemistry

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Organic chemistry Z 0200

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Organic chemistry Z 0200

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Organic chemistry Z 0200

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225241 **Transition-Metal-Catalyzed Functionalization of Propargylic Alcohols and Their Derivatives** — [ca. 150 refs.]. — (BAUER, E. B.; Synthesis 2012, 8, 1131-1151, http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0031-1290503 ; Dep. Chem. Biochem., Univ. Mo., St. Louis, MO 63121, USA; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry Z 0200

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Organic chemistry Z 0200

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225246 **Fluorinated Amino Acids: Compatibility with Native Protein Structures and Effects on Protein—Protein Interactions** — [245 refs.]. — (SALWICZEK*, M.; NYAKATURA, E. K.; GERLING, U. I. M.; YE, S.; KOKSCH, B.; Chem. Soc. Rev. 41 (2012) 6, 2135-2171, http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/c1cs15241f ; Inst. Chem., FU Berlin, D-14195 Berlin, Germany; Eng.) — Lindner

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225250

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Organic chemistry Z 0200

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Organic chemistry Z 0200

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Organic chemistry

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225253 Silver-Catalyzed Fluorination Reactions — [29 refs.]. — (XU, T.; LIU*, G.; Synlett 2012, 7, 955-958, http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0031-1290506 ; State Key Lab. Organomet. Chem., Shanghai Inst. Org. Chem., Chin. Acad. Sci., Shanghai 200032, Peop. Rep. China; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry

Z 0200

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225254Efficient H—D Exchange Reactions Using Heterogeneous Platinum-Group Metal on Carbon—H₂—D₂O System — [ca. 100 refs.]. — (SAWAMA, Y.; MONGUCHI, Y.; SAJIKI*, H.; Synlett 2012, 7, 959-972, http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0031-1289696; Lab. Org. Chem., Gifu Pharm. Univ., Gifu 501-11, Japan; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry Z 0200

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Organic chemistry

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Organic chemistry Z 0200

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225257 Heterogeneous versus Homogeneous Palladium Catalysts for Cross-Coupling Reactions — [75 refs.]. — (PAGLIARO*, M.; PANDARUS, V.; CIRIMINNA, R.; BELAND, F.; CARA, P. D.; ChemCatChem 4 (2012) 4, 432-445, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/cctc.201100422 ; CNR, Ist. Stud. Mater. Nanostrutt., I-90146 Palermo, Italy; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225258 **Ruthenium and Rhodium-Catalyzed Carbonylation Reactions** — [about 100 refs.]. — (WU, X.-F.; NEUMANN, H.; ChemCatChem 4 (2012) 4, 447-458, http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/cctc.201200069 ; Leibniz-Inst. Katal., Univ. Rostock, D-18059 Rostock, Germany; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225259 **Medicinal Chemistry of** α**-Hydroxy**-β**-amino Acids** — [303 refs.]. — (ZIORA, Z.; SKWARCZYNSKI, M.; KISO, Y.; Amino Acids, Pept. Proteins Org. Chem. 4 (2011) 189-245 ; Cent. Integr. Preclin. Drug Dev.-Pharm., Univ. Queensland, Brisbane, Queensland 4072, Australia; Eng.) — Lindner

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Organic chemistry

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225261 Selenocarbonyls — [156 refs.]. — (MURAI, T.; Organoselenium Chem. 2012, 257-285 ; Dep. Chem., Fac. Eng., Gifu Univ., Gifu 501, Japan; Eng.) — Lindner

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Organic chemistry Z 0200



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225263 **Transition Metal Catalyzed Element—Boryl Additions to Unsaturated Organic Compounds** — [143 refs.]. — (SUGINOME, M.; OHMURA, T.; Boronic Acids (2nd Ed.) 1 (2011) 171-212 ; Dep. Synth. Chem. Biol. Chem., Grad. Sch. Eng., Kyoto Univ., Nishikyo, Kyoto 615, Japan; Eng.) — Lindner

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Organic chemistry Z 0200

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225264 Metal-Catalyzed Borylation of C—H and C—Halogen Bonds of Alkanes, Alkenes, and Arenes for the Synthesis of Boronic Esters — [300 refs.]. — (ISHIYAMA, T.; MIYAURA, N.; Boronic Acids (2nd Ed.) 1 (2011) 135-169 ; Div. Chem., Grad. Sch. Eng., Hokkaido Univ., Sapporo 060, Japan; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry Z 0200

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225265 **Pharmaceutical Importance and Synthetic Strategies for Imidazolidine-2-thione and Imidazole-2-thione Derivatives** — [57 refs.]. — (SAVJANI, J. K.; GAJJAR, A. K.; Pak. J. Biol. Sci. 14 (2011) 24, 1076-1089 ; Dep. Pharm. Chem., Inst. Pharm., Nirma Univ., Gujarat, Patan, India; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry



25-266

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225266 Functionalization of Fluorinated Aromatics by NickelMediated C—H and C—F Bond Oxidative Addition: Prospects for the Synthesis of Fluorine-Containing Pharmaceuticals — [202 refs.]. — (JOHNSON, S. A.; HATNEAN, J. A.; DOSTER, M. E.; Prog. Inorg. Chem. 57 (2012) 255-352 ; Dep. Chem. Biochem., Univ. Windsor, Windsor, Ont. N9B 3P4, Can.; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225267 **Mononuclear Cyclophanes** — [93 refs.]. — (SHINMYOZU, T.; SHIBAHARA, M.; Sci. Synth. 45b (2009) 1267-1310 ; Inst. Mater. Chem. Eng., Kyushu Univ., Higashi, Fukuoka 812, Japan; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225268 **Pyrenes, Circulenes, and Other Condensed Acenes** — [166 refs.]. — (CHANG, C.-S.; WU, Y.-T.; Sci. Synth. 45b (2009) 955-1015 ; Dep. Chem., Natl. Cheng Kung Univ., Tainan 70101, Taiwan; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225269 Syntheses of Pentalenes, s-Indacenes, as-Indacenes, Azulenes, and Heptalenes, and Their Benzo Derivatives — [223 refs.]. — (ABOU-HADEED, K.; HANSEN, H.-J.; Sci. Synth. 45b (2009) 1043-1114 ; Org.-Chem. Inst., Univ. Zuerich, CH-8057 Zuerich, Switz.; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry Z 0200

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225270 Oligosaccharide—Cyclodextrin Conjugates: Synthesis and Biological Affinity Towards Lectins — [98 refs.]. — (SMILJANIC, N.; YOCKOT, D.; CENDRET, V.; FRANCOIS-HEUDE, M.; MOREAU, V.; DJEDAINI-PILARD, F.; Carbohydr. Chem. 37 (2012) 374-397 ; Lab. Glucides, Univ. Picardie Jules Verne, F-80039 Amiens, Fr.; Eng.) — Lindner
Organic chemistry Z 0200

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225271 **Metal Complexes of Penicillins and Cephalosporins** — [104 refs.]. — (ALEKSEEV, V. G.; Pharm. Chem. J. (Engl. Transl.) 45 (2012) 11, 679-697 ; Tver State Univ., Tver 170100, Russia; Eng.) — Lindner

Organic chemistry Z 0200

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225272

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Z 0225

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225273 **The Crucial Role of H-Bonding in the Mechanisms of Reactions with Diamines in Aprotic Solvents** — [51 refs.]. — (ALVARO, C. E. S.; NUDELMAN, N. S.; Trends Org. Chem. 15 (2011) 95-107 ; Dep. Quim., Fac. Ing., Univ. Nac. Comahue, 1400 Buenos Aires, Neuquen, Argent.; Eng.) — Lindner

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225274 **Pectin Rhamnogalacturonan II: The ''Small Stem with Four Branches'' in the Pri mary Cell Walls of Plants** — [70 refs.]. — (YAPO, B. M.; Int. J. Carbohydr. Chem. 964521 (2011) 11 pp ; Unit Train. Res. Food Sci. Technol., Univ. Abobo-Adjame, Abidjan, Cote d'Ivoire; Eng.) — Lindner

Applied chemistry

Z 0300 25- 275

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225275 Green Sample Preparation Methods — [187 refs.]. — (BENDICHO, C.; LAVILLA, I.; PENA, F.; COSTAS, M.; RSC Green Chem. Ser. 13 (2011) 63-106 ; Dep. Quim. Anal. Aliment., Fac. Quim., Univ. Vigo, E-36310 Vigo, Spain; Eng.) — Lindner

Applied chemistry Z 0300

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DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225276 **Impact and Potential of Intermittent Aeration on Continuous Flow Nitrifying Ac tivated Sludge** — [101 refs.]. — (DOTRO, G.; JEFFERSON, B.; JONES, M.; VALE, P.; CARTMELL, E.; STEPHENSON, T.; Environ. Technol. 32 (2011) 15, 1685-1697 ; Sch. Appl. Sci., Cranfield Univ., Cranfield, Bedford MK43 0AL, UK; Eng.) — Lindner

Applied chemistry Z 0300



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225277 Chemical and Biological Sensing by Electron Transport in Nanomaterials — [102 refs.]. — (CHOI, J.-P.; Trace Anal. Nanomater. 2010, 89-110; Dep. Chem., Calif. State Univ., Fresno, CA 93740, USA; Eng.) — Lindner

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Applied chemistry Z 0300

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Analytical chemistry Z 0400

DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225279

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Analytical chemistry

Z 0400



DOI: 10.1002/chin.201225280 Structure—Property Relationships for Metal-Free Organic Magnetic Materials — [425 refs.]. — (LAHTI, P. M.; Adv. Phys. Org. Chem. 45 (2011) 93-169 ; Dep. Chem., Univ. Mass., Amherst, MA 01003, USA; Eng.) — Lindner